

No. 94

CURRENT
INTELLIGENCE
REPORTS

No. 94

DECLASSIFIED
Authority: NSD 55 2878

No. 94

DECLASSIFIED
Authority: IN80083 2878

**CURRENT
INTELLIGENCE
REPORTS**

No 94

DECLASSIFIED

Authority NND 883078

John Lee, Sec. 10

The law goes but is not
must be carried to the letter.

HEADQUARTERS, 6TH INFANTRY DIVISION
Office of the MG of S., G-3
APO 159 PA

SUBJECT: Patrol Activities, report of
TO : AG of S., G-3

1st December '45

1. Report is hereby submitted on the results of the patrol activities from 1500 hrs Nov. 29, '45 to 1145 hrs 1st Dec. '45. The patrol is composed of eleven (11) E/M including 1 medical aid man and one officer from the "G" Co. 2nd Bn. 63rd Inf. this Division and under the guidance and supervision of the undersigned.

November 29 to Nov. 30th '45

1. The patrol started from the Headquarters 6th Inf. Div. Nov. 29, 1945 on a weapon carrier up to Camp 12, PPC. From there, the G-3, Maj. Pat Destajo with members of the patrol and myself contacted Mr. Taylor, the manager of the PPC. Arrangements has been made thereat by Mr. Taylor and Maj. Destajo and after the instructions given to me by Maj. Destajo, I headed at once with the patrol to areas as indicated. From

2. From Camp 12, we proceeded to Agusan river up to Mr. Sycip's place and vicinities then to Camp 3-a and vicinities, then to Camp 8, Field 8 and vicinities. This was done with the guidance of two natives who pretty well know the place. After going around in the areas mentioned, we rested at Camp 8 and had a little conference with the natives whom we used as guides as to the probable place the Japs will stay night or day, the routes they made, their daily routine activities and all necessary informations which we could dig up from them and which will guide us in the search of the Japanese.

RESULTS: No contact made with the enemy after tracing the trails they used and investigating or inspecting the houses they used to rest for a night or two.

FINDINGS: We have found out that the Japs don't stay on one place permanently but moved from one place to the other; that they just go out and loot civilians after which, they will go back to the interior most part of the forest where nobody could see them; that the Japs are very much hard up on ammunition, clothing and especially food that they go to the extent of eating those uncook and not edible at that; that they only have good time when they can loot civilians; that most of them are dying of hunger and sickness as proven by the so many graves we found on our way during the patrol.

November 30th to Dec. 1st '45

1. The patrol proceeded after the conference. We went up to Cug man river going upstream tracing the course of the Japs then to Dempalan up to lower Sil-ipon and back to Camp 12 passing along the Agusan River.

RESULT: No contact made with the enemy.

FINDINGS: Same findings as stated above.

2. The same set of patrol was sent to the vicinities of Camp 6, Camp 25 and Gauron after receiving an information from Mr. T. Cubero, the Gen. Foreman of the PPC re the presence of Japs stragglers in the mentioned places. The patrol came back with the same results and findings.

After the patrol has covered the areas as instructed by the G-3 this Division, we went back to Camp 12 to contact Mr. Taylor and to tell him about the result and findings of the patrol; from which, we proceeded back to our station.

General Findings: I found out that the civilians in the places mentioned above have a low morale the fact that they are being disturbed by the Japanese and that the little that they have are being confiscated and that they are being maltrated by the enemy; that they crave for nothing else but a permanent detachment to be assigned there as guards; that civilians are being scattered and farming is stopped.

RECOMMENDATION: I earnestly recommend therefor that a Co. or a detachment be stationed in the places mentioned above including the of Sankanan, Puntol, Lindaban and the surrounding places, for the safe welfare and progress of the civilians as well as the army in particular

DECLASSIFIED
Authority NAO 533878

(Patrol Activities Report of con'td)

J. P. P.
JOVITO ED. PABELA
1st Lieut. (PA) PA
Inspecting & Ln. O.
G-3 Section

11
Commonwealth of the Philippines
Province of Bukidnon
Zantulan
Office of the Deputy Governor

C/S _____
S-2 _____
S-3 _____
Info. J. _____

Nov. 8, 1945

The Commanding Officer
6th Inf. Div. P.A., 770 159

Sir:

Your letter of the 27th ultimo addressed to the Honorable the Provincial Governor of Bukidnon was made known to this office.

With the idea of ^{promptly} forwarding the information called for reach as "quickly as possible" as you desired this letter is sent direct to this office with a copy furnished to the Governor.

Municipal District of Malitbog **Siloo**

a- Approximately 35 Japs were seen, although many more are believed to be in hiding in Siloo mountains.

b-c. These japs were seen a week ago at Silib Palayong between Mindagat and Malitbog proper, and also at Siloo - a barrio which is about 25 kilometers away from Malitbog town for an effective campaign against jap stragglers the Army patrol should contact the Mayor at Malitbog proper.

d- Looting, and roaming around for carabao, cows, horses for food. A certain Celestino Teri was looted of his polay in his place in Mindagat.

e- Some are sickly, others are still strong and armed.

f- These japs were in this District since their retreat at American Landing on May 10, 1945 at Bugo, Or. Mis. They have already made alarming harm to our people and complete freedom in looting of the people's property. For ^{the} people's safety and security they have moved down the coast, some in Zantulan and, many other places.

According to report received last month main part of jap soldiers is in the mountains of Siloo - a barrio 25 kilometers away from Malitbog proper.

Municipal District of Libona

(2)

- a- Approximate Number of Japs - 50
- b- At Ben Ligon, Lapinigan, Mandayaga and Baley-bayan.
- c- The Patrol should contact the Mayor of Libona now in Libona proper as to the direction of Japs. presence.
- d- Lootings on properties and seizing cattle for food.
- f- There are only a few people left in Libona on account of Japs presence roaming around for food. The people have left their farms at the mercy of the Japs. A month ago a report was received of more Jap stragglers in Libona mountains.

Recommendations

For a prompt patrol against Jap stragglers when seen in certain area in the Municipality, I recommend a detachment of at least a platoon ^{which} be assigned in the Municipal districts of Libona and Malibog. These are isolated places in the province and on account of being too far from the Army Garrison that gives the Japs free to do its worst. Since then the Japanese presence has become a menace to peace and order in the Municipality.

It is foreseen that ^{with} our farmers running away from their farms making ^{them} idle, starvation is feared within a few months. With Detachment assigned will bring back our people to farming because their protection is assured to them.

Our policemen cannot cope the situation, they have no firearms. With arms they can contribute much to the present campaign of the Philippine Army in the reconquest work. ^{Such} kind consideration attended us along this line we need twelve rifles for the two Municipalities

Very respectfully,

Maecito F. Alguatela
Deputy Governor

11 NOV 1941

Headquarters, 86th Air Co

18 October

Subject: Patrol Report

1. Province Marshall
Mrs Missmie Oriental

1. At 1100 17 October 45 a civilian woman from upper Tagwanaw reported to CO, 86th Co that a group of about 9 Japs armed with bayonets attacked and looted the family of Emilio Madayag at upper Tagwanaw, 3 Area 3 of Engeyan.

2. A patrol of 6 armed and armed with 3 tommy and 1 carbine under the CO 86th Co left camp at 1100 17 Oct and proceeded to Upper Tagwanaw.

3. The patrol arrived at destination at 1200 same day and made a thorough investigation and securing of the house and the vicinity and its surroundings. The dead bodies of Rosario Saelote, wife of Emilio Madayag, and Jose, Leonora and Leonora's children, 3 aforementioned men were found on the ground about about 6 meters from the house. All 4 victims sustained wounds apparently caused by a sharp bladed weapon. Rosario Saelote's left shoulder were slashed across the throat and shoulder blade. The three bodies of the children each bore small deep wounds at the lower left ear. One of the surviving children of Emilio Madayag who narrowly escaped death by running away from the house through the thick cogon grasses, stated that she saw her father struck by a bayonet by the Japs and and saw his fall but the patrol did not locate the body. The only issue for concluding that the assailants were Japs is the mentioned of the words "korra korra". She further stated that she saw one of them wearing a Japanese cap. She further stated that three of the Japs stayed up in their house and looked ill and all three were suffering from tropical ulcers while another group of 3 Japs did the killing of her father, mother, brothers and sister. Still another group of three Japs were posted as guards on the trail leading to the house.

4. The patrol discovered trails coming in to the house from the ravines which looked fresh. It is believed that the Japs travelled along the creek under cover of ~~the~~ the thick brush and came out to the house through these trails. The progress of the patrol was hindered by the heavy rains and the possibility of locating the enemy's footprints was removed. The patrol returned to station at 1430 same day.

5. In view of the testimony of the children mentioned in par 3 above that 3 of the Japs were sick, it is believed that these Japs were ~~weak~~ could not have travelled far.

6. A patrol of 2 squads with 10M0s and carbines was dispatched to the same place at 0745 18 October 45 under 3d Lt Federico Cabillon to patrol the ravines and wooded area

in upper Tagawanaw and to see that the bodies of the victims will be properly buried.

7. Please refer to attached sketch showing position of bodies of victims as found by the patrol at 1230 17 Oct

8. The civilians living in Tagawanaw and Tibasak are believed to be in constant danger of attack by Jap stragglers. Houses are far from one another and one house may be attacked without the knowledge of the immediate neighbors. It is therefore recommended that as soon as practicable, a detachment be stationed to cover the above mentioned places, otherwise have the civil authorities thereat move to places near Cagayan.

C. F. Catylo
Capt INF
Commanding

*Captured materials were turned over
to G-2 9302.*

5149- 56th M. P. Co

19 October '45

Subj- Patrol Report

To: C.O., 56th M.P. Co
 Cagayan, Luzania Oriental

1. Per order of my Commanding Officer, the undersigned with two (2) squads of armed M. P. off station at 0800 18 Oct '45 and proceed to the vicinity of Taguanan about 8 kms south of Cagayan to patrol for the group of Japanese stragglers who killed Emilio Madayag, Rosario Salote, and their children, Jose, Ramon, and Ferns Madayag.

2. The patrol arrived at upper Taguanan at 11:00 same day and proceeded toward Guisok after splitting into two groups following the information given by two civilians that they met some Japanese stragglers at Guisok.

3. Upon arriving Guisok at about 12:15 the point of the patrol sighted four (4) Japanese under the mango zone at five hundred yards, whereupon the leading man signalled for deployment and at a distance of two hundred yards from the enemy shouted to the Japanese and tried them to make surrender. However, the Japanese made a hasty retreat to a creek and the patrol fired without making a hit. Pvt. Felix Ibojan with TMSG followed the retreating Japs at double time and overtake the last Jap with in fifteen yards. Pvt. Ibojan called for the Jap to surrender but the Jap attempted to release a hand grenade and Pvt. Ibojan open fired hitting the Jap on the face and the chest and killing him instantly. The undersigned ordered the patrol to locate the remaining Japs but after one hour of scouting and patrolling we lost track of the Japs.

4. From the dead body of the Japanese we took the following: Sabre, brass pocket watch, civilian

blanket, two soap plates, a leather bag containing
Jap medicine, money, identification, map and hand
book. We also took a pair of shoulder insignias from
the dead Jap. In view of the limited time we took
the head and left the body of the Jap and proceed
back to the home of Emilio Madayag to bury the dead
bodies of the family who were killed by the Japs three
days ago. The body of Emilio Madayag which was
not located by the first patrol on 17 October was
found among the thick cogon grass 50 yds. from the
house near the creek. The fleshy parts of the body
of Emilio have been eat and presumed to have
been eaten by the Japs.

5. Following the instruction of my CO, the patrol
helped seven civilians in burying the bodies of
the Madayag family, and at 1700 same day left
the vicinity for station. We arrived camp at
1750 and reported to our CO.

Sgt. F.E. CABILLON
3rd Lt. Inf. (PA)
J.O.

1st Indorsement

14. 56 MP Co, 19 Oct 1945

TO: Prov'l Provost Marshal
MPC Cagayan Min Cr.

1. Forwarded.

2. Above subject matter was reported verbally to
Capt C. Navarro at 2200 14 Oct '45. The Japs document
and equipment enumerated above were turned over
to Lt. J. Muskat at 0830 today except the broken pocket
watch and civilian blanket for lack of documentary
value. 3. The head of the Jap brought by the patrol will
be buried today and one squad is being detailed at
this writing to go back to Guirok to bury the body
of the same Jap

Sgt. C.F. CATAYOLO
Capt. Inf. (PA)
Commanding

True Copy -
Sgt. P. P. P.
21 Oct. '45



DECLASSIFIED
Authority NAAC 883678

1 Jap surrendered to the American MP's at 3Kms west to Carmen
(on the road). today 21 October. Japs were sent to the stockade
in Umalag

Ja says they were 9 in a group and at a certain point
in the mountains they separated in 2; 1 group composed of 6
and the other 4.

He does not know the whereabouts of the others.

Kapalong, Davao
Magugpo, Davao
October 15, 1945

The Commanding General,
167th Inf RCT, 31st Div, AUS
Davao City

S i r :

We, the undersigned, respectfully petition or request your office to please extend us the necessary protection against the Japanese stragglers in the Municipal District of Kapalong, Davao, numbering to about 60 to 100 not to include those sick at Florida and the upper sitios. Some more Japanese arrived from Agusan and Bukidnon sectors.

This request is made in view of the fact that until now, the Japanese in these places have not as yet surrendered, which we believe, they will never attempt to do so unless American troops are stationed thereat. It may not be amiss to mention herewith that Japanese atrocities still prevailed in these areas as shown by the fact that we have actually seen 4 dead floating bodies in the river from above. The bodies were wearing fatigue suits and one was with a combat shoes which we presumed to be some of the released soldiers of the 130th Reft USFIP who went back to their homes in the old free areas.

When the 130th Inf Regt USFIP was actually engaged in combat against the enemy troops in Bunawan, Davao, many Japanese soldiers from Bukidnon and Agusan arrived in Mansalinao, Florida and Kapalong (old camps of the 130th Regt) and harvested the Army crops thereat, consumed them as well as the fowls, cattles and pigs of the Army. When those food were consumed, the Japs floated down the Libuganon River and encamped at Capongagan (another camp of the 130th Regt) and begun patrolling left and right. The Japs fired at the house of ex-1st Lt Emilio Selim, Inf PC causing wounds to one of the civilians. The civilians then left their homes in Kapalong, evacuated to Tagum and some to the City of Davao, leaving their personal belongings, stored foodstuffs and cereals still to be harvested. Some of the civilians were caught by the Japs and until now, many of them have not as yet been released by the enemy. As mentioned in the second paragraph hereof, some floating bodies in the river were seen and those may have been some of those caught.

There are practically no Christian inhabitants now in upper Kapalong, including Maniki and if any, they are only those who were captured by the Japs and those who fled to the forest and played the hide and seek tactics just because it would be hard for them to get down for fear of being caught or fired by the Japs/

Sir, during those dark days when the Japs had the full control of the island, we the people of Kapalong and other Free Areas have greatly helped in the form of labor, material and food, the 130th Regt USFIP under Lt-Col Claro L. Laureta, which had its initial organization in Kapalong. We had done all our best to cooperate with those patriotic and loyal Filipino soldiers. Now, that the war is over and peace is supposed to have been restored, we are still suffering due to the presence of Japanese in the former Free Areas. Our rights are being trampled, our properties are being confiscated or destroyed, burned by the Japs. We have plenty of palay, corn and other cereals yet to be harvested which will only remain to rot if no material aid and support will be accorded us. During the last four (4) years, we people of the old free areas especially in Kapalong have never suffered of hunger much

more so with the soldiers of the 130th Regt USFIP whom we have equally parted or shared our crops. Now that war is over, we are practically starved just because we are deprived of our crops by the Japanese in Kapalong. Above all, our lives are in danger because the Japs are still killing civilian Filipinos.

We know, the 130th Inf Regt USFIP (now the 1st Bn of the 62d Inf Regt PA) are more than willing to protect or give us the necessary aid, protect our lives and properties but we were made to understand that they could not do anything unless the Commanding General of the US Army stationed at Davao so orders them to do so. Such being the case and as well disciplined soldiers, we could not blame them whatsoever, hence this petition.

We all know the Japs camps in Kapalong, much more so with the trails leading to same. The soldiers of the 1st Bn 62nd Regt now at Sasa are well acquainted with the terrains. (Exact locations by grids may be referred to Maj Teofilo Rivera, Inf Ex 0 of the 62nd Inf Regt PA). We are willing to help in any manner possible, if our helps are necessary, just to give us once more the light of Liberty which we had enjoyed since then, even within the duration of the war. Barges could reach up to about 7 kilometers from the lowest Jap camps at Kapalong.

We would consider it therefore a blessing which we greatly owe from you if this petition of ours be considered favorably.

Very respectfully yours,

The People of Kapalong

A TRUE COPY:

FRANCIS J MILITANTE
2nd Lieut., Infantry
Asst AC of S, G-2

COMMONWEALTH OF THE PHILIPPINES
IMPASUGONG, BUKIDNON
Office of the Chief of Police

Oct. 13, 1945

COMMANDING OFFICER
6th Inf. Division
Philippine Army
APO 159

Sir:

ap
I have the honor to report to that Division, that on the 24th day of Sept. 1945, Juan Lintowan, Modesto Ayahay, Ruberto Lalanon, Jobencio Donata, Bastian Yabonan, Crispino Yabonan and Concepcion Donata were caught by the Japanese, while they were in their farm in Batangan Intabas. There were four (4) Japanese soldiers who caught them.

When the civilians were already in the hand of the Japanese, they were all tied up. On their way to Inlestinan Bastian Yabonan was killed by the Japanese so he was not able to reach Inlestinan. When they were about to reach Inlestinan three (3) civilians Jobencio Donata, Modesto Ayahay and Ruberto Lalanon were brought by three Japanese in the forest. When the Japanese reach to the camp in

Inlestinan Concepcion Donata noticed that the Japanese go at once to the water and wash their bayonet. So she have in mind that those three (3) persons brought in the forest were killed

On the 13th day of Oct. 1945 I went to Kisalon, I found out that Concepcion Donata, Crispino Yabonan and Juan Lintowan escaped from the Japs. This Concepcion Donata and Crispino Yabonan were the very persons who related to me the situation and activities of the Japanese in their camp at Inlestinan. According to Concepcion Donata there were eleven (11) Japanese. In their camp they have two (2) tents, in one (1) tent four (4) Japanese soldiers live, in the other tent seven (7) Japanese soldiers live. They have one (1) mortar and one (1) machine gun 50 cal. They have one (1) official with rifle 1 pistol and 1 saber

I wish to mention here that if there are soldiers who will patrol to this Japanese in Inlestinan, Crispino Yabonan promise to guide the soldiers to the camp of the Japanese.

In connection to this report I herein attached the sketch of Inlestinan camp of the Japanese.

Very respectfully,

/s/ E. B. Bayanan

Chief of Police

A TRUE COPY: 18 Oct 45

FRANCIS J MILITANTE
2nd Lieut., Infantry
Asst AC of S, G-2

COMMONWEALTH OF THE PHILIPPINES
IMPASUGONG, BUKIDNON
Office of the Chief of Police

October 9, 1945

To: Commanding Officer
6th Inf. Division
Philippine Army
APO 159

SIR:

I have the honor to report to that División that on the 8th day of Oct. 1945, Esteban Sungkit and Inocimo Halad reported to my office that on the 7th day of Oct 1945 they escaped from the Japanese.

That on the 7th day of Oct. 1945, Esteban Sungkit, Inocimo Halad and Emiliana Saginowan were all tied up by the Japanese. They were in the house of Faustino Mahayao at Tegbao, barrio Intabas.

While they were in the house of Faustino Mahayao Esteban Sungkit and Inocimo Halad were told by the Japanese to roast bananas. Before they reasted the bananas they were ordered by the Japanese to remove the peelings of the bananas before roasting. So the Japanese gave knife to Esteban Sungkit. Without the knowledge of the Japanese, Esteban Sungkit cut the string tied in his arms then he cut also the string tied in the arm of Inocimo Halad. After that they ran away. When they were about 100 meters far from the Japanese, the Japanese fired them 3 times, and the stomach of Esteban Sungkit was hit. But he was able to run. Then they proceeded to the municipality of Impasugong and reported the matter to my office. At present the Japanese are in Tegbao, barrio Intabas. Emiliana Saginowan is still in the hands of the Japanese.

In this connection I wish the attention and help of that Division.

Very respectfully,

/s/E. Bahayanan

Chief of Police

A TRUE COPY: 18 Oct. 45

FRANCIS J MILITANTE
2nd Lieut. Infantry
Asst AC of S, C-2

COMMONWEALTH OF THE PHILIPPINES
IMPASUGONG, BUKIDNON
Office of the Chief of Police

Oct 13, 1945

Commanding Officer
6th Inf. Division
Philippine Army
APO 159

Sir:

gn
I have the honor to report to that Division that on the 13th day of Oct. 1945, I went to Kison, I met Jesus Saripa, he informed that on the 7th day of Oct. 1945, Dominga Saripa was killed by the Japanese in his house in Lomoloyao Intabas.

gn
According to Jesus Saripa he was thrust by bayonet by the Japanese. The child of Domingo Saripa was with him but he was not killed. He was wounded, now he was taken by his parents for treatment.

After the killing of Domingo Saripa, the Japanese went home to their camp in Inlestinan between Sagomata River and Salawagan River. I know that this Inlestinan is the camp of the Japanese that I investigated Concepcion Donata who escaped from the Japanese, and that she has been kept by the Japanese in Inlestinan for two (2) weeks.

So far this is all what I can tell in my report about the death of Domingo Saripa.

Very respectfully,

/s/ E. Bahayanan

Chief of Police

A TRUE COPY: 18 Oct 45

FRANCIS J MILITANTE
2nd Lieut., Infantry
Asst AC of S; G-2

COMMONWEALTH OF THE PHILIPPINES
Municipality of Maluco
Province of Bukidnon
Office of the Municipal Mayor

Tangkulan, October 11, 1945

The Commanding Officer
Municipal Police Command
Del Monte, Bukidnon

Sir:

A report has been received in this office that Japanese stragglers are often seen in the barrios of Sankanan and Ticala of this municipality.

copy The bearer, Felimon Magdalenio, a reservist from Sankanan had his horse taken away just this morning about 8:00 o'clock by the Japanese outlaws.

I shall appreciate if your honor could send forces to pick up those recalcitrants disturbing the public safety.

Very respectfully,

/s/ Margarito L. Cabang
Mayor

A TRUE COPY, 20 October 1945

*Verin Alduan
Capt Inf
Anti G.V.*

COMMONWEALTH OF THE PHILIPPINES
Province of Bukidnon
Office of the Mayor

October 5, 1945

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Regarding the victim, Terso Inta, when the soldiers, "I" Co, 3rd Bn, 63rd Inf Regt., 6th Division patrolled at Kitanglad on the 22nd, 3rd and 4th of this month, I have to state the following:

That this victim, Terso Inta is a civilian of this municipality,

That he is not given authority to possess Fire Arm.

That all civilians have being advised and ordered to go down to the town, because there are many Japanese in Kitanglad side,

That they were even told that those who will not go down to town will be counted pro-Japanese and supporting them;

That Councilor, Barrio Lieutenant and Rural Police in Kitanglad side were sent out to drive the people to the town.

That on the month of July 1945, the Mayor and Councilor Apolonio Acao and Barrio Lieutenant Maximo Aalingeran went to sitio Hangaron to meet the people and bring them to town, and

That the result of their disobeying the order is what they encounter now.

/s/ VICENTE EBARLE
Mayor

A TRUE COPY: 12 Oct 45

Francis Militante
FRANCIS MILITANTE
2nd Lieut. Infantry
Asst AC of S, G-2

DECLASSIFIED

Authority 1450862878