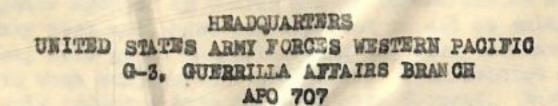
272 DECLASSIFIED
Authority////// 883078 Cabo (fula) MASTER FILE WAGE CLAIMS 3RD BATTALION 85TH INFANTRY CEBU AREA COMMAND & the M.D.



GSCPG 091 PI

14 October 1946

SUBJECT: Volunteer Guards, Cebu Area Command

TO : COMMANDING GENERAL, AFWESPAC, APO 707

For the information of the Commanding General, AFWESPAG, in arriving at a decision as to the recognition of the Volunteer Guard Units, or their equivalent, during the Japanese occupation, the following information is submitted:

- 1. Prior to the Japanese invasion President Quezon by Executive Corder authorized the establishment of a volunteer guard movement throughout the Philippine Islands. This movement was understood to be strictly Evoluntary in nature with the exception that each volunteer would be paid from civilian sources in the amount of 50 centavos per day for a maximum for three days! work a week.
 - 2. Buring the initial days of the invasion these Volunteer Guards, as formed on the island of Gebu, caused more trouble than good. Specifically, they hindered the movements of military forces by unnecessary interference and, by their conflicting orders and directions, caused a considerable amount of confusion, The reason for this was the fact that they were not organized along military lines, had no overall headquarters nor chain of command and, consequently, no uniform orders or instructions.
 - the Volunteer (Mards voluntarily formed themselves into groups for the specific purpose of warning civilians in their respective areas of approaching Japanese troops. Later, however, they were used by the guerrillas of the Cebu Area Command for a warning net in which they reported Japanese troop movements both to the civilian populace and to the guerrillas of the Cebu Area Command.
 - 4. Still later the Volunteer Guard organizations were placed under the direct command of the Gebu Area Command and were formed into and used as labor battalions. Keeping in mind the original Executive Order of President Quezon relative to the Volunteer Guards, they were not required to work more than three days in each week. In general they hauled supplies for the guerrillas as well as the civilian populace, built the headquarters required by the Commanding Officer of the Cebu Area Command, acted

5. There is no question that the Volunteer Guards, or their equivalent, performed a transndous amount of work for the guerrillas. It is felt that they should receive some form of recognition of their services but, when compared to the services rendered by the combat troops, it is not felt that this recognition should extend to them a Philippine Army status and the consequent pay and allowances and veterans' benefits that go with such a recognition. One exception to this, however, is in the matter of casualties. A number of these Volunteer Guards were wounded or killed in the performance of their duties which, in fact, amounted almost to combat. It is understood that the Guerrilla Affairs Branch is prepared to recognize such casualties in which case this recognition is considered sufficient.

6. The above mentioned facts and statements are quoted from memory and are believed to be serrect.

10/

James M. Cushing JAMES M. CUSHING Lt. Colonel, CE Commanding Officer Cebu Area Command (Grla)

DCM/ppm/aje

CERTIFIED TRUE COPT:

/s/

Charles T. Boyle CHARLES T. BOYLE Capt., Inf.

CERTIFIED TRUE GOPY:

RAYKOID B. LICCOLINE

1st Lt.

Investigating Officer

DECLASSIFIED
Authority NND 883078

Malabuyoc, Cebu, Phil. September 29, 1947

Mr. Vicente T. Ouane Claims Investigator, Cebu Branch

Dear Mr. Ouano:

With reference to your verbal instruction during my last visit in your office, I am enclosing herewith the following papers to support our plaims for services rendered as depot personnels or procurement personnels in this municipality:

- l Affidavit in triplicate executed by Lieut. Carlos Divinagracia re-authority.
- 1 Circular of the Bn. S-4, 3rd Bn. 87th Inf. dated 28 November, '44
- 1 Circular of Asst.Bn. S-4, dated 22 July 44
- 1 Acknowledgment receipt of Bn-S-4, dated Nov.21, 1944
- 1 Memorandum Regimental S-4 with series of indorsement dated July 20, 1944

I hope that these papers will suffice for the adjudication of our claims.

Please inform me as to what to do with the helpers or laborers whose certificates signed by me are in your hand.

Very respectfully,

ROQUE VILBAR Municipal Mayor

of we Call

- I, Carlos Divinagracia, Ex-2nd Lieut., Infantry, with ASN 0-36686, Ex-Bn. S-4 of the former 3rd Bn., 87th Inf. Regiment, Cebu Area Command, processed at Carcar, Cebu, on 6 August, 1945 and reprocessed at Compostela, Cebu, on 12 March 1946, after having been duly sworn according to law, do hereby depose and say:
- 1. That when I assumed the position as Battalion S-4, 5rd Bn. 87th Infantry Regiment, CAC, I appointed Mr. Roque Vilbar, as Depot Supervisor for the municipality of Malabuyoc, Cebu, and that he was given authority to choose and appoint procurement personnels and helpers or laborers in four depots Nos. 18, 19, 20 and 21, within the jurisdiction of Malabuyoc, Cebu.
- 2. That Mr. Roque Vilbar, as depot supervisor, submitted lists of names of depot personnels and helpers for four depots mentioned above to the office of the Bn. S-4, at Botong, Argao, Cebu, and that all names as submitted were approved by me.

Further deponent sayth not.

Ex-2nd Lient. Ex-En.S-4 3rd Bn. 87th Infantry CAC

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3/ day of August 1947, at Badian Cebu. Affiant exhibited his Res. Certificate No. A-1358092, issued on January 51, 1947, at Samboan, Cebu.

Municipal Mayor

I, Carlos Divinagracia, Ex-2nd Lieut., Infantry, with ASN 0-36586, Ex-Bn. S-4 of the former 3rd En., 87th Inf. Regiment, Gebu Area Command, processed at Carcar, Cebu, on 6 August, 1945 and reprocessed at Compostela, Cebu, on 12 March 1946, after having been duly sworn according to law, do hereby depose and say:

1. That when I assumed the position as Battalion S-4, Srd Bn. 87th Infantry Regiment, CAC, I appointed Mr. Roque Vilbar, as Depot Supervisor for the municipality of Malabuyoc, Cebu, and that he was given authority to choose and appoint procurement personnels and helpers or laborers in four depots Nos. 18, 19, 20 and 21, within the jurisdiction of Malabuyoc, Cebu.

2. That Mr. Roque Vilbar, as depot supervisor, submitted lists of names of depot personnels and helpers for four depots mentioned above to the office of the Bn. S-4, at Botong, Argao, Cebu, and that all names as submitted were approved by me.

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CARLOS DIVINAGRACIA Ex-2nd Lieut. Ex-En.S-4 3rd Bn. 87th Infantry CAC

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Municipal Mayor

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LEON EVERCTTO

Malabuyoc UNITED STATES

MITTED STATES FORCES IN THE PHILIPPINES
JEBU AREX COMMAND
THIRD BATTALION, 870H INFANTRY

28 November, 1944

es bilia-

I. You are directed to mebilize ill human powers available within your respective area to go ther and produce more "TUBA" from appointed, burk and size without using tudico" or tan book for ALCOHOL FUEL distillation and production to mun our oare.

In order that this work will be successful, you are directed to get the belong old the VG Commenders and all Barrio Lieutenant Colonel TRAZO.

of tuba to hereunder indicated places:

Deleguate, Alcoy & Boljoon to Oslob and Santarder Melaburco, Ginetiler and Samboan

Description Distillery Onlow Distillery

Malabuyaa Distillery.

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should see to it that the dubs of his musici clitty be delivered to Bedien. The municipality of Alemin has nine bio bernios and he must make necessary a vengeneral than each big bernio must send the tube once a week. It is surested that twenty or more callons of tube be delivered everyday.

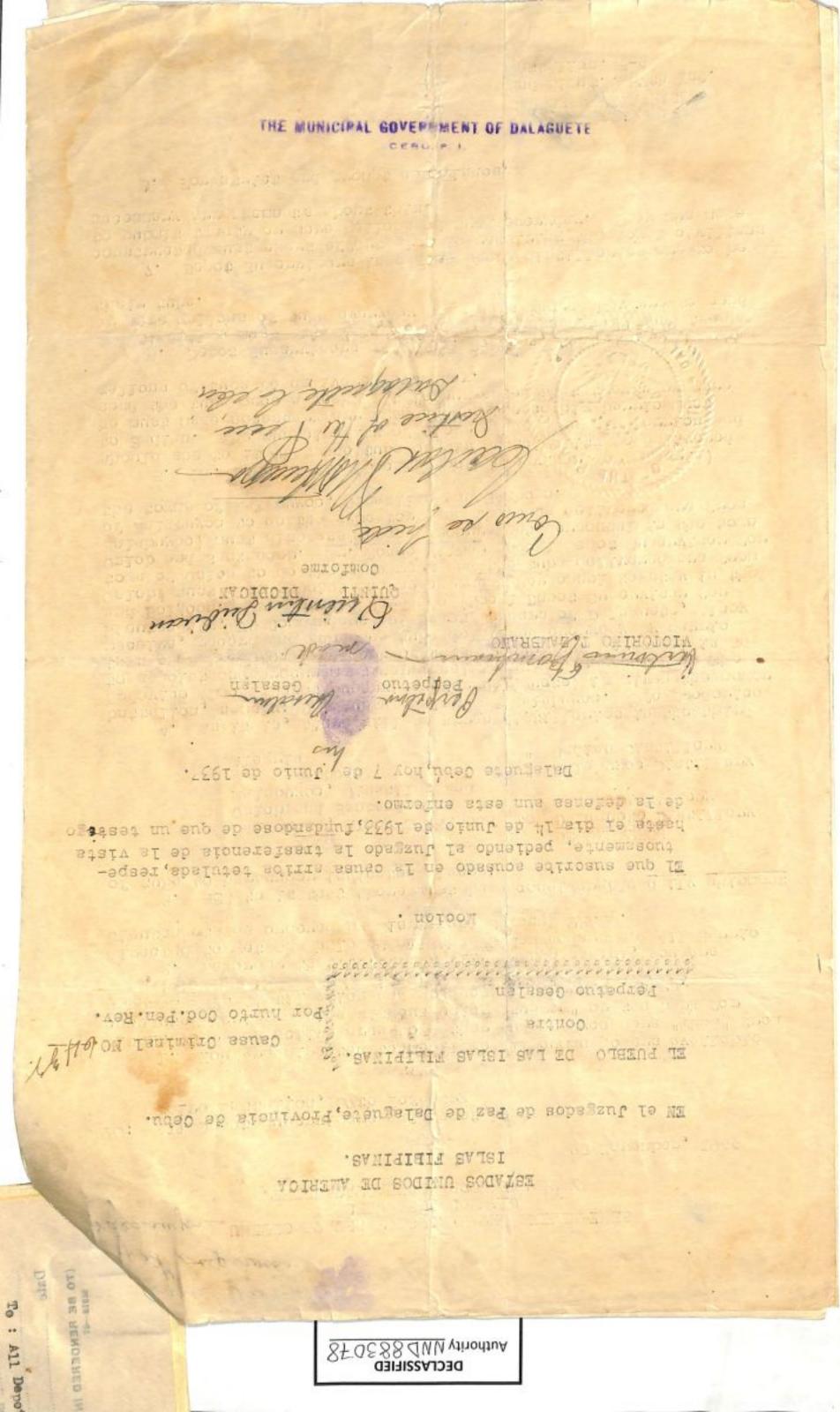
6. De ot Sume visore of Aleur, Bollock, Santando vedeboka and Timetilas And elso dave francis of since the sent twenty or such tales of tube everyday of places where they are to send that tube.

7. Depot Supervisors in places where distilleries are to be constructed must exact effort also in requiring the loval divilings to submit thenty or more callens of tuba everyday. They mus make necessary arrow ements about this.

6. For strict and romot corritance.

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SAL ROYF SALES OF BE



DECLASSIFIED Authority NND883078

USFIP CAC CEN S_4 3"WN 87"INF ITF.

(TO BE RENDERED IN DUPLICATE)

LG/flr

17270

22 July 1944

To : All Depot Supervisors & Leaders

- issued at

(characture of Internal Revious Officer)

1. For your informations and guidence, we have new in our effice a representative of the Regimental S-4 and PO 87"INF, who is detailed to get the share of one-third (1/3) of all the feedstuffs, livestocks, fewls, eggs and supplies procured by the Bn. S-4, 3"EN. 87"I f. ITF.

- 2. You are hereby directed to double your efforts in procuring mere feedstuffs, livestedks etc. The tew-thirds left new in stock cannot even sufficed in substisting the efficers and enlisted men in the Headquarters Battalion. This is in accordance with latest Regimental Meme dated June 17,1944 which requires the Bn. S-4 and PO of the 3"BN to give to the RHQ ene-third (1/3) of all the feedstuffs and livestocks e etc. precured.
- 3. Require therefore all your personnel under you to exert their utmost efforts in procuring feedstuffs, livestecks etc. se that we cansubsist all the efficer and enlisted men in the Headquarters and Heade quarters Company.
 - 5. Strict and immediate action.

LORENZO CLINOGO On duty W /Bn. S_4

The least the or community derived par (Fer and in the absence of the Pn. S-4)

I have been the last paint of the corporation, countries of accommon over a

Philippines owned by the above-named

Copy furnished:

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(FOR CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR ASSOCIATION, ETC.)

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(FOR INDIVIDUAL)

profession, for purposes of the additional residence for imposed by Communwealth Act No. 465. Statement of the assessed walue of real property, salery, props receipts or excelent davised trust business, accountion or

BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE DEPARTMENT OF PINANCE COMMONWEALTH OF THE PHILIPPINES

B. L. B. Found No. MAI

pro---- or province occorde manual mant the deli very of these cereals to the deneral headquarters complying the quotas allotted for cach acgiment as follows:

85th Inf. Regt. - 3.4 cavens (80 gantos) -10.2 " (255 " 87th (170 !! - 6.8 88 th -13.6 (340 "

4. It is informed that the above quotes are based upon the productivity of the respective acgimental areas:

Soth Inf. Regt. -10% 87th Inf. nest. - 200 88th 86 - 40,0 pare-T# ne .. type the terms of track a series

THE MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT OF DALAGUETE CERU P. I.

B. I. R. FORM No. 9.21

COMMONWEALTH OF THE PHILIPPINES DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Statement of the assessed value of real property, salary, gross receipts or earnings derived from business, occupation or profession, for purposes of the additional residence tax imposed by Commonwealth Act No. 465.

(FOR INDIVIDUAL)	
I.	
do hereby declare under oath that during the preceding year, the assessed values in the Philippines, my gross receipts derived from business, and salary or gross derived from the exercise of my profession or pursuit of my occupation, are as	of my real properties
(FOR CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR ASSOCIATION, ETC.)
I, (Citizenship)	
President or manager of	
do hereby declare under oath that during the preceding year the assessed value of	real property in the
Philippines owned by the above-named	
gross receipts or earnings derived by it from its business in the Philippines, are	
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(TO BE RENDERED IN DUPLICATE) UMBIR OAC ORN S.4. S MA. STRING THE CHEU AREA CGEAAND
THIRD BATTALTON, STILL DEANTRY

CD/mrb-

November 18, 1944 T. S. 10:00 A.M.

R U S H 1 1/ EMEGRATION All Local Dopot Sapervi

All Local Depot Sapervisors Ord Bettalion, 87th Inf-CAC

1. You are urgently ORDERED to comply with the following instructions as early an possible:

office a Complete List of all Procurement Parent plan now working in the decots under you. Consult first the Denot Leaders under you about this. SHID said REPORT to INCHOY SCHOOL, ALBURIA-I where its Temporary Cifice of the Buttalion 5-4 is now Leaderd, by means of a Special Beauty and this as to insure a safe and speedy arrival of same, Into Remot must reach this office, without fail, NOT LATER than Bonday Afterdoom, Navether 20, 1944. The RESH COMPLIANCE desired for, gives you on idea of the importance and urgancy of this report, otherwise askingly you would not be present very hard in complying with this order.

b- DESTRUCT all procurement personnels to EXCHE much efforts in procuring MAIS (of different sizes), sowithes, CREE SOLES of worn out Rubber Shoes, Made These articles show procured, must be dumped or deposited along the road ac as to facilitate transportation of same to the RHU by mains of the trucks.

2. For immediate and imperative committee.

CARLOS DIVINAPIACIA Byt 2nd Lieut., 87th Inf.

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ANTEL NO ZATIONES

sur

Clerk, DBN 3-4

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very of these cerears to the General headquarters complying the quotas allotted for each degiment as follows:

85th Inf. kegt. - 3.4 cavens (85 gantas)
86th "- -10.2 " (255 ")
87th " - 6.8 (170 ")
88th " -13.6 (340 ")

4. It is informed that the above quotes are based upon the productivity of the respective negimental areas:

85th Inf. kcgt. -10% 86 " -30% 87th Inf. Acit. - 20% 88th " - 40%

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THE MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT OF DALAGUETE

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	Pege.	Section.	Lines	Error or Modification.
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	390	267-e	4/	line to read 'eight (8)' Eliminate the words 'or pur-
	551	435-b)a	10-13	Change words 'on the' in line
				10 to read 'governments as provided above' and eliminate
	317	208-a	3/	change '1916' and '1917' to
1	386	264-a	15	read '1906' and '1907' Change word 'pesion' to read 'pension'
	428	302(5)/	5/	Change 'A-6' to read 'A-5-6'
	452	323	14	Change '427' to read '429'
	494 /	383	10/	Change 'section 16' to read
	494	384 /	Last	Add after last word 'See also
	495	39.5-d	5/	Modify certificate to read
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	200			'A-1(1), Sinking Fund Cash (sec. 396(2)
5	01/	387-b	4-5/	Between these lines insert
				'A-2-2, Current Account with
				Phil. Net. Benk (or
50	01	387-b /	10-11	Between these lines insert
				B-3-4, Advances of Election
				Expenses (See Sec. 435) and
				'B-4-1, Advances of Cadastral
50	1/	387-b	16-17/	Costs (See Sec. 58): Between these lines insert
00				'E-8-4, School Pupils' Fund
	1			(See Sec. 544)
50	1/	387-c	5-6	Between these lines insert 'U-3,
				Advances of Cadastral Costs (See Sec. 58)
502	/	38 7-c	6-7	Between these lines insert
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				Equipment:

TO

503

DECLASSIFIED Authority NND883078

UNITED STATES FORCES IN THE PHILIPPINES CEBU AREA COLLAND THIRD BATTALION, 87TH INFANTRY

OD/dy

's, all Regimental mmittee and all

Nov. 21, 1944

1944

SUBJECT : Acknowledgment

TO

: CA Roque Vilbar

Local Denot Supervisor

1344

Malabuyoc, Cabu

1. This is to acknowlede the receipt of the "Reports of All Procurement Personnels" of the municipality of Malabuyor, Cebu.

87th Iff

For the Battalion

Clowk, OBN S44

VD/car

18t 1, 1944

.ance and strict

by order of Capt. Taballau:

(Bid.) Victoriano Diaz VICTORINO DIAL svt. 1st mout., 87th Inf. adjutant

United States fonces in the Principality CEBU water COmmisted HEADQUARTERS, 877H INCANTRY

Par/108

OOPY ARMISEED: all on Comers, 87th Inf. ntry

for information, guidance and strict compliance.

by order of major Thate:

(Signed) Francisco O. montiveros (Typewritten) FRANCISCO C. HONTIVLEOS Byt 1st wicut. 87th Inf.

___adjutent____ ULINDU ST. TES FORCES IN THE PRILIPPINES had Wartans, Obdu aris Commid

OFFICE OF AC OF S. 44

July 20, 1944

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Mentunali Dusi all he gimenta : Commenior, CaC In the Fiela

1. In connection with the present procurement system and to prevent misunderstanding and confusion between procurement personnels of the end and the Regiments, it is informed that the present usual procedure or procuring supplies and other foodstuffs should be followed, with exception of the cereals which should be procured alone by the respective acgiments only.

2. To centralize the operation or procuring coreals by the acciments in their respective ereas, effective august 1st, 1944, no Procurement Officers or agent of the General headquarters are authorized to procure any cereals in the area where

they pro assigned.

3. To maintain the supply of cereals of the General Headquarter, the negiments who are given the exclusive privilege to procure cercals alone should make the deli very of these cerears to the General headquarters complying the quotes allotted for cach regiment as follows:

> 85th Inf. Kegt. - 3.4 cavens (85 gantas) 86th -10.2 (255 - 6.8 (170 " 87th 11188 -13.0 (340 "

4. It is informed that the above quotes are based upon the productivity of the respective agginental areas:

85th Inf. ke at. -10% 87th Inf. dogt. - 200 86 -30,0 88 tu

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	266	181-2	Lest	Change '20' at end of line to read '30'	
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	452	323	1/	Change '427' to read '429'	
	494	383	10/	Change 'section 16' to read	
1110				'sections 16 and 420'	
	494	384	Last	Add after last word 'See also section 423'	
	495	385-d	5/	Modify certificate to read	
		1		similar to that in section	
			-/	421-f	
	4974	386-d /	9/	Change '(S)' after phrase '74, Receipts from cemeteries' to	
		/	-/	read 'P'	
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OFFICE OF

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Authority MND 883078

CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR

UNITED STATES FORCES IN THE PHILIPPINES CEBU AHER COLLINAND

OD/dy

THIRD BATTALION, 97th INSUBTRY

August 1, 1344

COPY PURNISHEDS All Local Depot Supervisors, all Depot Leaders, all Regimental Ve Commanders, all ChiefsCivilian Affairs Committee and all Leaders of all Wemon's Organization.

For strict compliance.

Resi denc

CARLOS DIVINAURACIA Byt. 2nd Liout., 87th iff: - Battalion S-4

UNITED STATES FORCES IN THE PELLIPPINES Ombo anta Command Third Battallow, 87th Infantal

Bujust 1, 1944

VD/edr

COPY FURNISHED: All Co Comdrs & Bn. 5-4, for information, galating and strict compliance.

by order of Capt. Taballat:

(Sgd.) Victoriano Dias VICTORINO DIE svt. 1st meut., 87th Inf. adjutant

United States Forces in the Principalists Par/108 CEBU WIE CO. MINISTED Handwarteds, 87TH Infanthy

DOPY FOR ISHED: All on Comers, 87th Inf. ntry

for information, guiusnot and strict complaince.

by order of major Thato:

(Signed) Fre no isos O. montiveros (Typewritten) Francisco C. non TIVLAOS svt 1st 87th Inf.

ULINDU ST. THE FORUES I. The PRILIPPINES and vo/ hadwards, Obdu area Commid OFFICE OF AC OF S. 44

July 20, 1944

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Sptn Inf. ke st. -10% 87th Inf. nogt. - 20,0 88th " -30% THAT 10 ne ..

AT CHIP

shell be happy during the fiesta. We are proparing for the visitors. Many people will come to the fiests. ITIM BOSOIF INO L live in Samboan. Translate the following sentences into the vernacular: AI LSEL . Score: Mo. H OI. 6 Manila; Cobu; Alegria; Terlac; Thomas; Woman; Rosa; pumanjug; Ostmon; Samboan Arrange the following words alphabetically: I ISFI Score · ON SIM.G :60 . M .t que .t ne 17 · É gny cap t. S x R .oN .Score: No. R x S ... What do you mean by the following abbreviations? .besifatique Jon at Comfortable is accented in the Syllable. Syllable. Syllables to the dictionary are arranged syllables. Syllables samboan is a town. Interscence is wrong because Istiers in the alphabet adore. Thee do Nith fervor :BuinTutoa Child of the sentence that asks something is called borevietions are always followed by and of the santence that tells something is called a s capital letter. word of every sentence with Always begin 10. PUG-carldren deren running. .thoughout Resyea .TM . tuo og :00 vo . Tennib yetls seognand onsu usa c norse back. Let us ride Church last fiesta? 0.5 Did you bed, Simeys siep the Gebu Autobus. .bnairl waxxx ms co school every day. uenc was born on January 2, 1940. the blanks with the right words. CLANGUAGE TEST-SECOND PEATO Ginatilar District School Loonos October 3,194 Sugaro Care EPAUSMAJ RUCH the acity COLUMN DESIGNATION OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

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--- (-Para 2-)---

5. In views of the foregoing clarifications and to avoid misunderstanding in the future the delivery of screeks to the denoral Headquarters should be accomplished strictly every Saturday of the week effective august 12, 1944.

6. The respective agginental 8-4's will take charge of the delivery and facilities of transportation of all quots supplies, and the quartermaster Depot personnel will take charge of the security of these supplies while deposited temporarily in their chain of Depots during the period of the transit until said supplies are properly delivered by the agents of the Regimental 8-4 to the Office of the area quartermaster, 0.0.

7. That for proper maintenance of the daily subsistence of HCAC and Divisional Units it is imperative that the aforementioned provisions should be strictly complied with accordingly.

By order of Lieut-Colonel CUSHING:

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(Signed) agaton modina
(Typowritton) a GaTOn mEDINA
P7t Major, Infantry
AU of S, U-4

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Annicipal Treasurers
- Province of Cebu

Marks ofone his to theest consists to

(SGD,) D. M. FABELLA
Provincial Treasurer some out to protect one of her detection of to some out ad

that for proper being and the bas and the bas and the second and that it Henel Wild Child Waternal and Child Weienell Director of Health By: (SGD.) EURIQUE F. OCHOA Chief, Divihad been discontinued since October 1, 1939. E. D. AGUILAR ture centers, it is desired to inform that the payment thereof City Treasurers who are also ex-officio treasurers of puericul-"S. In connection with the premium of the Provincial and

> policy laid down by the Cabinet on this matter. " effective December 31, 1940, in accordance with the who are ex-officio treasurers of puericulture centers extra compensation or premium to municipal treasurers ust 12, 1940, to discontinue the practice of granting -SuA betab rettel besolone out ni benishnon neitsbrem Honorable, the Auditor-Ceneral, approving the recom-

"HRospectfully returned to the Director of Health,
21. There are letters in the alphabet.
22. Comfortable is accented in the Sylladia.
2 Touce in too dictionary are arranged
23. Words in the dictionary are arranged 24. Caught has syllables. 25. samboan is a town. This sentence is wrong because
25. sammoan is a town, This sentence is wrong occause
is not cabitalized.
Score: No. R x 2
What do you mean by the following abbreviations?
1. Dr. 6. Capt.
1. Dr. Capt. 7. Aug. 7. Aug.
2.Mr. 7. Aug. 8. Fri. 3.Lieut.
4. Supt. 9. A. M. Mant
5. Mrs. 7 10. M. se de tiu
Score: No. R x 2
TEST III
Arrange the following words alphabetically: Manila; Cebu; Alegria; Terlac; Thomas; Woman; Rosa;
Manila; Cebu; Alagria; Trriac; Thomas; Woman, Mosa,
Dumanjug; Oatmon; Samboan 6. alidin
1. augua 7. augua
2. Thomas. 8. Mandas.
4. Sumariag 9. 9. Me servery bes
5. detru 10. degrees 1
Score: No. R x 2
Star semale of Xidensia at the Control of the Control of
TEST IV
Translate the following sentences into the vernacular:
they are understand are netadatand to property of the fire organization and
1. L live in Samboan.
2. Our frosta will be held on september 30.
2. The man success for the success success to the s
TOTAL PROPERTY HERE
3. Many people will come to the fiesta.
Cadashan mga las mga somo a cono ser cuo mon pr
. Contain a single contains
4. We are preparing for the visitors.
- Marie meganina sada et a
5. We shall be happy during the fiesta,
malting with the flester

CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify as Claims Investigator, Sr., Hq. Claims Service, PHILRYCOM, APO 707, that I personally conferred with Lt. Col. James M. Cushing, Overall Commander of the resistance movement in the province of Cebu, better known as the CEBU AREA COMMAND, and was able to obtain pertinent facts relative to various claims for services rendered by civilians under his command.

That in the conference so conducted, Lt. Col. James M. Cushing refused to make commitments as to the probable rates of compensation commensurate with the kind of service rendered by each and every civilian, with the exception of Depot in-charge and Supervisors, whom he recommends to receive daily rates fixed at \$2.00. Procurement agents under the direct supervision of depot in-charge or supervisors were not included in his recommendation. In my personal opinion, services rendered by civilians in the capacity as depot in-charge or supervisors were more important than those of procurement agents, inasmuch as they (depot in-charge or supervisors) were responsible for the distribution of the procured materials or supplies to the different units composing the Cebu Area Command; they were the very persons responsible for the functioning smoothly of all procurement agencies of the said command; and, moreover, they were stationed and posted in procurement depots, whole day and, possibly, whole night, as were from time to time required by commanding officers of the unit concerned.

In view of the recommendation made by Col. Chahing that a depot in-charge or supervisor be allowed compensation at the rate of \$2.00 per day, it is logical that the men (procurement agents) working under him, be also allowed compensation at the rate of \$1.00 per day.

VICENTE T. OUANO Investigator, Sr Team No. 8

I certify that the foregoing statement was made by the party signing the same voluntarily before me on this 18th day of December, 1947.

THE WAY AND A COURT OF STREET

Jitzerau 4. Valle,
PITZERALD N. SALTER
Assistant Director
Team No. 8

17 December 1947

Distriction of Calenda, Ch. Committee Devices, And

I, in my former capacity as member of the defunct Cebu Area Command Guerrilla Force, more commonly known as the GEBU AREA COMMAND, do hereby certify that the type of currency always implied to be used in defraying expenses incurred by said command during the period of its existence, was the genuine pr - our Philippine Currency of the Commonwealth Government prior to the Japanese invasion.

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permit forms lower to the interior, and 8 West ing an eligible of Suburen and a road free Arter to volks breet a first acception call a small ascent of min topics.

That he wise these proups the tolking our garde in strictly the loss the trade aspectity on the interregularies while not promise of payment for any bentious con an deportunate commenter was accountly to lacur work and the probator where a large parameters at the potential biggle within

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ever paid for their services. In connection with the services. gadores", it should be pointed out that approximately 110 tons of supplies were brought to the Philippines on the submarine at Caceres to Ceby. Later, about August, 1944 30 tons were transferred from Negros and 10 tons were shipped from Mindanao. In addition, in January

I, JAMES M. CUSHING, Lieutenant Colonel, CE, Commanding Officer, 43rd Infan try Regiment, Cebu Area Command, Cebu, certify as follows:

That as Commanding Officer of the Cebu Area Command during the Japanese occupation, I am very familiar with the obligations incurred by the Cebu Area Command with reference to services rendered.

That the services that were rendered to the Cebu Area Command may be roughly divided into three goups which are: services rendered by a large group of people as volunteer guards, services rendered by various persons of including volunteer guards outside/the scope of their ordinary guard duty in carrying supplies from bosts landing on the beaches of Cebu to the guarrilla forces located in the interior, and services rendered in constructing an sirfield at Toburan and a road from Asturias to Adlowan. These are the main groups of services rendered and will include practically all of the services with a possible few exceptions in certain instances where small bridges were constructed. The services for construction of bridges comprise only a small amount of man hours.

That of the above groups the volunteer guards in performing services in their capacity as volunteer guards were not promised payment for such services and no subordinate commander has authority to incur such obligations. However, some guards performed services as "cargadores" by hauling supplies from the coast where the ships and submarines landed supplies to the interior where a large percentage of the guerrilla forces usually stayed. For their services as "cargadores" the volunteer guards were promised payment at a latter date. To the best of my knowledge, very few, if any, of these volunteer guards or others persone who served as "cargadores" were ever paid for their services. In connection with the services of the "cargadores", it should be pointed out that approximately 110 tons of supplies were brought to the Philippines on the submarine at Caceres and transchipped to Ceby. Later, about August, 1944, 30 tons were transferred from Megros and 10 tons were shipped from Mindanao. In addition, in January

1945, 100 tons were brought to Sibongs, Cebu, from Leyte. In February
1945, another 100 tons were brought this time to Toledo, Cebu, from Leyte.

Both of the latter shipments were made by ICI to Leyte

The total tonnage of known supplies brought to Cebu which was transferred from the coast to the interior for use of the guerrillas was 350 tons.

Since I figure that on e man could carry 40 pounds of these supplies per
day, the total man days expended for "cargadoring" is 87,500. A large
percentage of these man days were performed by volunteer guards.

The sirfield at Toburan was constructed with agreement between the Cebu Area Command and the laborers that they would be paid for their services. The sirfield was constructed by 1,500 men in 50 hours; the road from Asturias to Adlowan was also constructed under agreement to pay all persons performing the services.

Sig cut out for file

s but merely helped out to the cause of the

I certify that the above statement consisting of two pages was made by the party signing the same voluntarily before me this 31d day of November 1947 in Quezon City, Philippines.

FITZGERALD N. SALTER
Certifying Claims Investigator

I, JAMES M. CUSHING, formerly Commanding Officer, Cebu Area Command, with the rank of Lt. Col., Inf., certifies as follows:

- 1. That in my capacity as such Commanding Officer of said guerrilla unit, I can testify of a certainty that there was no form of government in Cebu, either municipal or provincial, established inside the guerrilla held-territories;
- 2. That the Civil Affairs Committee and the Antiprofiteering campaigners were not a part of any form of government but were merely agencies of the guerrilla forces in Cebu, the duties of each member of which was to procure food supplies and to supervise procurement depots of the four regiments of the Cebu Area Command;
- 3. That services rendered as early as 1942 to the end of 1943 by civilian persons in the capacity as Chairman or member of the two organizations above named are not to be paid for the reason that during these years procurement activities were accomplished by, or under the supervision of military personnel who were sometimes aided by these persons who were not formally authorized to do procurement activities but merely helped out through a patriotic desire to the scause of the guerrilla.

It is, therefore, believed advisable that members of the Civil Affairs Committee and Anti-profiteering campaigners be paid at the rate recommended by the undersigned for a procurement depot supervisor and procurement agent.

/s/ James M. Cushing
/t/ JAMES M. CUSHING
Ex-Commanding Officer
Cebu Area Command

A CERTIFIED TRUE COPY:

FRED H. BEHAN
Captain, CAC
Difector, Team No. 8

EXH. E

V/ FRANCISCO M. MERCADO

t/ ORLANDO S. RUIZ

s/ Gerardo Alfafara t/ GERARDO ALFAFARA

A TRUE COPY:

2

FITZGERALD. N. SALTER

Asst., Director, Team No.8

N.B

This is to certify that I have on this date, 13 August 1947, interviewed Colonel James M. Cushing, formerly, Commanding Officer of the guarrilla resistance movement in the Province of Cebu, relative to claims filed with this office for services rendered by civilian persons in different capacity during the period from September 1942 to Aug. 1, 1945. In connection with this interview, the following information was obtained:

- 1. That during the years 1942 and 1943, procurement activities in this provice were accomplished by or thru the supervision of military personnel, who were sometimes aided by civilians who were not formerly authorized to do procurement activities but merely helped out of a patriotic desire to do so for the cause of the guerrilla;
- 2. That beginning January 1944, the Cebu Area Command began the employment of civilian persons in the procurement of food supplies and other equipments; these persons were designated Procurement Agents and Depot Supervisors. This palicy was adopted by the Cebu Area Command in order to cope with the increasing supply problem resulting from the growing strength of our force;
- 3. That the Cebu Area Command employed S-2 or G-2 operatives, nurse, clerks, doctors, etc., as early as 1942, and that the Cebu Area Command recognized the services rendered by these persons from 1942 up to 1945 since they were directly connected with the military activities of the command;
- 4. That Volunteer Guards employed by this guerrilla organization in roads and airfield constructions and in hauling supplies from aboard American submarines and LCI's which had landed in Caseres, Sibonga, Toledo, Cebu, and elsewhere, are to be paid; the basis of their salaries to be determined according to the number of days for which services were actually performed, at an average work of 8-hours per day.
- 5. That those volunteer guards who have rendered services to the Cebu Area Command in guard duties, are not to be paid for the reason that such kind of work was for the benefit of civilian populace.

That the interview was made in the presence of Atty. Francisco M. Mercado and Messrs. Orlando S. Ruiz and Gerardo Alfafara.

s/ Vicente T. Ouano t/ VICENTE T. OUANO Interviewing Claims Investigator

We hereby certify to the correctness of the foregoing certificate.

s/ Francisco M. Mercado t/ FRANCISCO M. MERCADO s/ Orlando S. Ruiz t/ ORLANDO S. RUIZ

s/ Gerardo Alfafara t/ GERARDO ALFAFARA

A TRUE COPY:

2.

FITZGERALD N. SALTER

Asst., Director, Team No.8
Hq. Claims Service, PHILRYCOM

ATTENTION: V. T. QUANO

In answer to your letter of inquiry dated 28 July 1947, Subject: "Services of Civilians", I wish to state the following:

Due to the large area and widely dispersed army units, in order to cover all parts of Cebu, it was found that doctors, nurses, dentists and professional help to attend this army could not be covered by the Table of Organization; it was therefore decided that additional personnel would be attached for this purpose. Also included were intelligence operatives, procurement agents, procurement supervisors and depot in-charge.

b. Positions of civilians attach was recognized in consonance with their professional and technical ability.

c. Civilian operatives have in most part been incorporated into a recognized roster of the CAC, however, there remains an undetermined number of uninducted civilians not carried in the approved roster of the Cebu Area Command. Determination of these cases largely depended upon the cooperation and recommendation of the Regt'l Commanders and Bn CO, G-2, who employed the services of these intelligence operations and who carry direct appointment by any of the above-mentioned officers. I recommend that procurement supervisors and depot incharge receive a salary of approximately \$\frac{1}{2}\$.00 a day for the period of time in which their services were used starting January 1944 when this services was expanded to include civilian procurement supervisors and depot in-charge.

d. It was understood that civilians operating in an attached capacity directly under army supervision would be paid after the liberation provided compensation would be authorized by the U.S. Army.

f. That sometime in April 1945 the telephone central was established and telephone operators were hired as civilian operators with promise of compensation corresponding with their respective civilian salaries.

s/ James N. Cushing
J/MA: M. CUSHING
Comm. ding Officer
Cebu Area Command

A TRUE COPY:

FITZGERALD N. SALTER Asst. Director.

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Team No. 8, Hq, Claims Service. PHILRYCOM I hereby certify that I have made a thorough investigation of guerrilla activities in the Cebu area and have determined the following facts from conferences with former guerrilla leaders, former volunteer guard leaders and numerous civilians who had a part in the resistance movement during the occupation period.

on 15 May 1942 the USALTE forces in the Cebu area surrendered to the Japanese. In Deptember 1942 a group of former American and Filipino officers and civilians organized the first Cebu Guerrilla Force. This force was under the overall command of Brevet Lajors Harry Fenton and James Cushing. Major Fenton was in charge of the administrative staff and Lajor Cushing was in charge of the tactical staff. In August 1943 in order to collect a large sum of money promised them by the Japanese, Lt. Cols. Estrella and Valenzuela ordered the capture of 22 leading guerrilla officers. One of the officers captured was Lt. Col. Fenton who was given a quick court martial and later executed. At the time this occurred Lt. Col. Cushing was in Negros on a tactical mission. Upon his return from Negros he immediately assumed full command and removed the rebel elements before they could finally betray the whole force to the Japanese.

The Cebu Guerrilla Force was finally recognized by Hq
AFPAC on 12 February 1944 at which time it became the Cebu
Area Command, USFIP, sometimes known as the Cebu Command.
This organization became the 82nd Division with Lt. Col. James
Cushing in command. The 82nd Division was composed of the
following organizations:

Unit

00

Hq Company
MP Bn
QMS Units
85th Infantry
86th Infantry
87th Infantry

88th Infantry

Capt. Paterno Trinidad
Maj. Bernard Hale
Maj. Alfredo C. Vargas, Division QM
Lt. Col. Espiritu
Lt. Col. Maximo Albinda
Maj. Luis Jakosalem (1943)
Lt. Col. Abel F. Trazo (1944)
Lt. Col. Alejandro Almendras
(Maj. Bernard Hale, 1st CO)

On 1 August 1945 the 82nd Division became the 43rd Infantry Regiment PA and took over all the duties of the Cebu Area Command with Lt. Col. Clegario Baura as its first commander. The present commander of the 43rd Infantry PA is Lt. Col. Maximo Albinda.

The procurement of foodstuffs and other necessary supplies during the time that the guerrilla force was recognized became quite a problem. Because of the large area which the 82nd Division covered the supply function had to be decentralized.

There were special procurement officers from the G-4 Section of the 82nd Division who were authorized to procure needed items in any of the 82nd Division sectors. These special procurement officers were given specific authority by the commanding officer of the 82nd Division through Maj. Agaton Medina, Division G-4 to commandeer these needed items. These procurement officers did not, however, do all of the procuring for the division. The G-4 of the 82nd Division through the authority given him by the commanding officer gave the authority to procure necessary foodstuffs and other supplies to the various regimental S-4s. Since the regiments were deployed over a very large area the regimental S-4s in turn passed this authority to the battalion S-4s. The battalion S-4s in turn passed the authority to procure down to the company commanders. Company commanders then supplied their own companies in the following manner: Any officer, non-commissioned officer or private was given the authority

Matistry

Section

to procure necessary foodstuffs or supplies when and if there was a need. Since each company was operating in what might be considered enemy territory and since there were many collaborators and informers not to mention the Japanese troops in the area any individual who knew the area and who had friends in the area was given the assignment to procure necessary items. The men that procured were authorized to issue receipts in the name of the commanding officers. In all cases procurement was done with the knowledge and consent of the commanding officer. The few records that were kept by these company commanders for the most part have been destroyed.

There were no special forms printed for use as receipts and no special written form was adopted by all of the units. As a result the receipts vary greatly due to the fact that many different individuals with different educations and different training issued receipts. As a general rule, however, any receipt entitled "Donation Receipt" meant that the items received were considered a donation to the cause and were not to be paid for. When a receipt was headed "Confiscated", there never was an intent to pay by the procuring units. Generally items were confiscated under the following circumstances:

- 1. To prevent the owners from turning them over to the Japanese.
 - 2. When the owner was a proven spy or collaborator.

The 82nd Division set a ceiling price on foodstuffs in its various regimental areas. The prices did vary, however, due to the supply in the areas. The ceiling prices were considerably higher than 1941 prices and were considerably lower than civilian prices at the time of procurement. At the present time there is no complete list of the ceiling prices available. Although ceiling prices were set the army did not use them because they had to promise prices three or four times the ceiling prices in order to get the items they needed.

s/ Marvin N. Lerner
MARVIN N. LERNER
2d Lt INF
Investigating Officer
Claims Service, AFWESPAC

A CERTIFIED TRUE COPY:

MARVIN N. LERNER

MNL/abp

I hereby certify that I have made a thorough investigation of guerrilla activities in the Cebu Area and have determined the following facts from conferences with former guerrilla leaders, former volunteer guard leaders and numerous civilians who had a part in the resistance movement during the occupation period.

On 15 May 1942 the USAFFE forces in the Cebu Area Surrendered to the Japanese. In September 1942 a group of former American and Filipine officers and civilians organized the first Cebu Guerrilla Force. This force was under the overall command of Prevat Major Juncy Fenton and James Cushing. Major Surten was in charge of the alministrative staff and Major Cushing was in charge of the vaccital staff. In Magust 1943, Lt. Col. Fenton was captured by opposing guerrillas, courtmentialed, and later executed by Lt. Col. Estrella. At the time this obsured, Lt. Col. Cushing was in Negros on a tactical mission. Upon his return from Negros he immediately assumed full command from Lt. Col. Estrella. Lt. Col. Estrella was subsequently court-martialed and executed.

The Cebu Guerrilla Force was finally recognized by Hq AFPAC on 12 February 1944 at which time it became the Cebu Area Command, USFIP, sometimes known as the Cebu Command. This organization became the 32nd Division with Lt. Col. James Cushing in command. The 82nd Division was composed of the following organization:

Unit

00

Hq Company LP Bn QMS Units

85th Infantry 86th Infantry 87th Infantry

88th Infantry

Major Bernard Hele
Maj. Alfredo C. Vargas,
Div CM
Lt. Col. Espiritu
Lt. Col. Maximo Albinda
Maj. Luis Jakosalen (1943)
Lt. Col. Abel F. Trazo (1944)
Lt. Col. Alejandro Almendras
(Maj. Bernard Hale 1st CO)

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to procure necessary foodstuffs or supplies when and if there was a need. Since each company was operating in what might be considered enery territory and since there were many collaborators and informers not to mention the Japanese troops in the area any individual who knew the area and who had friends in the area was given the assignment to procure necessary items. The men that procured were authorized to issue receipts in the name of the commanding officers. In all cases procurement was done with the knowledge and consent of the commanding officer. Some of the records that were kept by the company commanders, battalion 8-4s and by the regimental S-4s have now been turned over to Guerrilla Section, Branch Office S, Claims Service, AFTESPAC. There are also some records which were kept by Civilian Volunteer Guard procurement officers which have also been turned over to the Guerrilla Section.

In the early days of the guerrilla on Cebu there were no printed forms for receipts. After the recognition, however, all regiments did have printed receipts or mimeographed receipts which were to be issued. In most cases a temporary receipt was issued first and it was intended that a printed receipt would be issued at a later date, but because of the hectic situation and scarcity of printed receipts very few were actually issued. Then a printed receipt was issued in place of a written one, the written receipt was always taken by the officer who issued the printed one.

liany of the receipts had as a heading, DONATION RECEIPT or had inserted in them, "Ponation", "Voluntary Contribution" or "Tithout Promise of Compensation". Affidavits from the various commanding officers state that these words were placed in the non-printed receipts to protect the procurement officers from future personal liability.

The 82nd Division set a ceiling price on foodstuffs in its various regimental areas. The price would vary, however, because of the supply in the various regimental areas. The ceiling prices set by the various regimental S-4s was considerably lower than civilian prices at the line of procurement.

On 27 April 1946, the 43rd Inf Regt PA started on its last phase of demobilization. On that date all officers, non-commissioned officers and privates who were not actually being used in processing the equipment for sale as surplus were demobilized. On 6 May 1946 the 43rd Inf Regt PA was completely deactivated and on that date, sale of all its equipment determined to be surplus, took place.

s/ Talter J. Jasin
WALTER J. JASIN
1st It., QFC
Investigating Officer
Claims Service, AFWESPAC

A SERECTIONAL TRUE COPY:

Filegeral h. Caller

FITZGERALD N. SALTER

Asst.Director, Team 8 Hq.Cls.Sv., PHILRYCOM /ff

AFFIDAVLT

I, JAMES M. CUSHING, Lieutenant Colonel, CE, Commanding Officer, 43rd Infantry Regiment, Cebu Area Command, certify to the following:

That as Commanding Officer of the Cebu Area Command during the period of recognition, I had occasion to have some dealings with the guerrilla forces located on the Island of Bohol.

The Commanding Officer of the Guerrilla Forces on the Island of Bohol was Ismael Ingeniero. I have occasion to know on good authority that at one time the Guerrilla Forces on the Island of Bohol had approximately 87,000 sacks of rice stored at Carmen on the same island. It is my understanding that the guerrilla forces on Bohol collected this rice through commandeering. Sometime after the rice was collected the Japanese penetrated the Area and hauled the rice away in trucks for their own use.

I understand that the guerrilla forces on Bohol issued script for use as currency under the authorization of Colonel Wendell Fertig of the 10th Military District. A considerable number of the contractual obligations with reference to the procuring of materials, supplies, and services rendered the guerrilla forces on Bohol were discharged by the payment of script.

Considerable amount of supplies were furnished the Bohol Forces by Mrs. Segura, a contractor of Cebu City.

James M. Cashing

I certify that the foregoing statement consisting of one page was made by the party signing the same voluntarily before me this 3 vd day of November 1947 in Quezon City, Philippines.

FITZGERALD N. SALTER Certifying Claims Investigator

Fitzerard h. Satter

DECLASSIFIED
Authority/UND 883078

101L/abp | Por

CERTIFICATE

I, MAJ. V. O. TIONGSON, FS, Regional Officer, Visayas,

Mindanao & Sulu, in my capacity as an officer in the Philippine Army do hereby certify that there were no funds available for the procurement of necessary items for the 82nd Division, Oebu Area Command, during the year 1945. That at the
present time there is still no money available to pay for
items procured during the year 1945 by the recognized guerrilla forces.

Sg. V. O. Tiongson

Sg. V, C, Tiongson Naj. FS.

A True Copy

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Adolf magallane Information Elent Processing Lee.

- I, ABEL F. TRAZO, Fili, ino, of age, married, and resident of Cebu City, being first duly sworn according to law, depose and say:
- 1. That I was continuously connected with the guerrilla movement in the Province of Cebu since its inception in the later part of 1942 where I served in the following capacities:

From 27 Dec 1943 to 10 Feb 1944, as Commanding Officer, Southern Cebu

From 11 Feb 1944 to 26 Mar 1945, as Commanding Officer, 87th Inf Regt,

From 27 Mar 1945 to 1 Aug 1945, as Commanding Officer, 87th Inf Regt, 82 Div., PA;

- 2. That as such officer of the Cebu Area Command, I know it for certain that no funds at all were available to settle obligations incurred by the Command during the years 1942, 1943, and the greater part of 1944;
- 3. That have personal knowledge of the fact that sometime in September 1944, \$450,000.00 in genuine Philippine currency was shipped from Australia to Cebu, having been actually present at the time the American submarine "Nautilus", which brought the money, bobbed up from the waters off Caseres, Cebu, and having seen this amount turned over to Lt. Col. James Cushing, Commanding Officer, Cebu Area Command, right where the submarine had landed;
- 4. That I have also personal knowledge of the fact that, intended as it was for operational expenses of the Cebu Area Command until such time as the American liberation forces came in, this money was used for partial payments of the salaries of soldiers, for intelligence work, and for other phases of activities or operations;
- 5. That, to the best of my knowledge and belief, this money was also used in paying 1/3 of the value of articles or supplies procured by the Cebu Area Command after the date of the receipt of the money from Australia (SWPA), in which case said partial payments were always duly hoted down in the receipts of procurement issued to owners for the balance remaining unpaid, and that receipts which did not contain any such notations of partial payment were never paid for any part of their value;
- 6. That, shortly after the American liberation forces landed in Cebu on 26 March 1945, certain claims were filed for payment with the Cebu Arca Command and vouchers for some thereof were prepared and accomplished; however, what little had been left of the \$450,000.00 was sufficient to settle only a few claims; consequently, other thousands of claims could not be paid.

Witness:

s/ O. S. Ruiz s/ Gerardo Alfafara s/ Abel F. Trazo t/ ABEL F. TRAZO, 0-36674 Lt-Col., Inf. (PA) Relieved

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 15th day of April 1947.

CERTIFIED TRUE COPY:

Capt., Inf. AUS

Asst Director, Cobu Branch Office, Claims Service, PHILRYCOM

s/ Rizalito Abanto t/ RIZALITO ABANTO Capt. Inf. AUS Asst Director, Cebu Branch Office, Claims Service, PHILRYCOM

DECLASSIFIED Authorityがか883078

HEADQUARTERS UNITED STATES REMY FORCES WESTERN PACIFIC OFFICE OF THE COMMANDING GENERAL

OSCP 322

APO 707 17 July 1946

SUBJECT: Revision of recognition Date for Cebu Area Command, Sth Military District, USFIP

TO : The Chief of Staff, Philippine Army, APO 75.

1. The unit list below is recognized by the Commanding General, AFWESPAC, as having been an authorized element of the Philippine Army inducted into the services of the armed forces of the United States on the date appearing in the column headed "Revised Recognition Date,"

Unit

Presented Recognition Date

Revised Recognition Date

Cebu Area Command, 8th MD, USFIP

22 Jan 44

3 Sept 42

XXX

XXX

2000

FOR THE COMMANDING GENERAL:

/s/ W. P. Moore /t/ W. P. MOORE Lt. Col., AGD Ass't Adj Gen

A TRUE EXTRACT COPY:

Fitzeran ?. Peller

FITZGERALD N. SALTER Assistant Director Team No. 8

EXH.

103. Junior Officer 104. Junior Officer

XXX

A TRUE EXTRACT COPY:

FITZGERALD N. SALTER ASST. Director, Team 8
Claims Service, PHILKYCOM

GREGORIO Y. RAVAGO MARCELINO COMMENDADOR XXX

/s/ Daniel M. Iway /t/ DANIEL M. IWAY Major Infantry AC of S. G - 1 2"LT INF 3"LT INF XXX

April 16, 1945

Subject: Station List

To : AC of S, G - 4

The following is a list of Officers in this Division with their respective ranks and organization:

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Authority/JUD 883078

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THIRD BATTALION, 25TH INF

	Min draft Aren George	BATTALION	STAFF TRUIT OF CARRY	CUT G	
81,82	. Battalion Commander . Cancelled	1500	PLACIDO ABSOLO	CAPT	INF
	S-2 S-3 mlor virtues		FILENON A. MENDOZA	SHLL	
	. S-4		CORNELIO CARREON FELIX ALQUEZA	1"LT 2"LT	
		но в но со			
86,	· Company Commander	*	SIMEON B. IABAJO	2"LT	INF
		"I" COMPANY			
	. Company Commander		GEOGRIO G. RODRIGUEZ	lar	INP
	Executive Officer		AGRIPINO POTESTAS	2"17	INF
	Junior Officer Junior Officer		DREASU ACELLARA	2"17	INF
	Junior Officer		HONGRATO E. MAGARIS PEDRO ALFANTE	2"LT 3"LT	
	THE EXTENCY OFFI		a succession of the state of th	3"1/4	THE
		nKn COMBVNA			
92.	Company Commander	-7-	JULITO Z. TROCIO	luLT	THE
93.	Executive Officer	Catalan .	ISIDRO T. SCLINCH	2"LT	
940	Junior Officer		LEONARDO E. CAMOY	2"LT	
720	Junior Officer		MARCIANO ANCHETA	2"LT]	
	he winds a prize		EDUARDO MERCADO	2"LT]	LINE
		"L" COMPANY			
96.	Company Commander			l"LT I	DE
	Executive Officer Junior Officer		MAURICIO CAOILE	July 1	INF
A	Junior Officer		JOSE BELTRAN VENERANDO CABALLERO	2"LT I	
	Junior Officer		PACIFICO BIRAC	3"LT I	
	11 11		OFLANDO HERNANE	3"LT I	
		THE COMPANY			
101.	Company Commander		BIENVENIDO C. CANETE	l"LT I	UP
102.	Executive Officer		BIENVENIDO B. TUDTUD	2" LT I	
	Junior Officer		GREGORIO Y. RAVAGO	Sult I	
LU4.	Junior Officer		MARCIAL OYAC	2"LT I	MP
	XXX		MARGELINO COMMENDADOR	. 3"LT I	IIF .
			/s/ Daniel M. Iway	XXX	
TRU	E EXTRACT COPY:		/t/ DANTEL M. TWAY		

FITZGERALD N. SALTER Asst.Director, Team 8

Claims Service, PHILKYCOM

/t/ DANIEL M. INAY Major, Infantry AC of S, G - 1

Subject: Station List

To : AC of S, G - 4

The following is a list of Officers in this Division with their respective ranks and organization:

SPECIAL STAFF

46. Asst Area Quartermaster BUENAVENTURA CANOX

, and therefore did not keep a rester of the

1"CMS COMPANY

99. Junior Officer

QUIRICO DE LA CERNA

constant 2nd Lt. Inc. Pt. Sed 3nd Da ESth Inc. 210

/s/ Daniel M. Iway /t/ DANIEL M. IWAY Major, Infantry AC of S, G - 1

A TRUE EXTRACT COPY:

FITZGERALD N. SALTER Asst.Director, Team 8 Hq.Cls.Sv., PHILRYCOM

Carbasa, Cao

The war

Director, Teta 48

I hereby certify that during the period of the Guerrilla of the Cebu Area Command, the S-4 of the 3rd En 85th Inf. CAG. did not keep a roster of all the soldiers on TDY with the S-4 of the 3rd En 85th Inf. CAG, and therefore did not keep a roster of the Civilians Attached, in the Procurement System under my supervision as S-4 of the said Battalion. I always requested before, to allow me to keep my own roster of the soldiers under me and assigned to the S-4, but my requests were always turned down for all the soldiers who were on TDY with me as S-4, were carried in the roster of the different companies of the 3rd En 85th Inf. CAG.

However, the late Captain Catalino T. Alfafara, the Regimental S-4 of the 85th Inf. Cebu Area Command ordered me before to submit to his office a list of the names of the Civilians Attac ed to the Procurement System as authorized Procurement Agents in my area. I submitted a list of all my Procurement Agents and Civilian Attached including those who were assigned to work with us in the administration of the different Haciendas. I have no more copy of this list in my file.

/s/ Felix Alquesa
/t/ FELIX P. ALQUEZA
Formerly: 2nd Lt. Inf. PA.S=4.3rd Bn 85th Inf.CAC
Investigating Officer, Claims Service, AFWESPAC
Mar. 22, 1946 to June 12, 1946
Processed: May 25, 1945
Reprocessed: Jan. 10, 1946
Demobilized: June 30,1946, MPC;VZ

A TRUE COPY:

Fitzerace 2. Daller

FITZGERALD N. SALTER Assistant Director Team No. 8

EXH. F-2

20 June 1946

MEMORANDUM: -

In connection with the wage claim which was recently received in Headquarters, Claims Service, AFWESPAC, (Claim of Martina Canada), I deemed it advisable to make a hurried investigation of unpaid wage claims of USAFFE.

BRANCH OFFICES

It appears that the District Engineer was authorized to construct airfields and other defense measures for USAFFE. To meet the obligations in connection with this construction, the District Engineer approved vouchers and submitted them to the USAFFE Finance Officer for payment. These vouchers were for services rendered, materials supplied, and also covered labor payrolls, In the case of labor payrolls, paymasters were also appointed by the District Engineer and received their funds from the USAFFE Finance Officer. Members of the District Engineer's Office who were actually working in the field on defense projects were paid by USAFFE, and the others were paid by the Province.

A conference with the Assistant District Engineer who was also the Assistant District Engineer prior to the Japanese invasion, disclosed that most of the obligations, including wages, were paid by the USAFFE up until about two or three weeks prior to the Japanese invasion on April 10, 1942. He informed me that USAFFE always had sufficient funds to meet these obligations. He said that some of the funds were borrowed from the Provincial Treasurer by the Army Finance Officer. He showed me copies of various unpaid payrolls which have been recovered and which have been submitted either to HPA or to Recovered Personnel Division, AFWESPAC. I observed that the copies of these payrolls were for wages for periods subsequent to March 15, 1942. It appears, therefore, that most wage claims in connection with defense operations of the District Engineer for USAFFE were paid for.

One point of procedure which differs from the procedure used by the District Engineer on Negros Occidental is the fact that in Cebu vouchers were paid solely by the Army Finance Officer and not by the Provincial Treasurer. In Negros Occidental, the Provincial Treasurer paid all the vouchers of the District Engineer in connection with defense projects for USAFFE.

The District Engineer of Cebu Province prior to the Japanese invasion is now located in Manila. However, many of his assistants can be located in the Provincial Capitol, City of Cebu.

> /s/ Charles M. Menapace /t/ CHARLES M. MENAPACE 1st Lt., Officer-in-Charge

CERTIFIED TRUE COPY:

FRED H. BEHAN Captain, CAC Director, Team #8

DECLASSIFIED
Authority(1)(1) 883078

CLAIMS SERVICE, AFWESPAC APO 1000 - CEBU

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/s/ Charles M. Menapace /t/ CHARLES M. MENAPACE lst Lt., JAGD Officer-in-Charge

CERTIFIED TRUE COPY:

FRED H. BEHAN Captain, CAC

Director, Team #8

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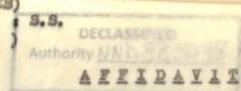
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/s/ CHarles M. Memapace /t/ CHARLES M. MEMAPACE lst Lt., JAGD Officer-in-Charge

CERTIFIED TRUE COPY:

FRED H. BEHAN Captain, CAC Director, Team #8 QUEZON CITY



I, JAMES M. CUSHING, Lieutenant Colonel, CE, Commanding Officer, 43rd Infantry Regiment, Cebu Area Command, certify to the following:

That as Commanding Officer of the Cebu Area Command during the period of recognition, I had occasion to have some dealings with the guerrilla forces located on the Island of Bohol.

The Commanding Officer of the Guerrilla Forces on the Island of Bohol was Ismael Ingeniero. I have occasion to know on good authority that at one time the Guerrilla Forces on the Island of Bohol had approximately 87,000 sacks of rice stored at Carmen on the seme island. It is my understanding that the guerrilla forces on Bohol collected this rice through commandeering. Sometime after the rice was collected the Japanese penetrated the Area and hauled the rice away in trucks for their own use.

I understand that the guerrilla forces on Bohol issued script for use as currency under the authorization of Colonel Wendell Fertig of the loth Military District. A considerable number of the contractual obligations with reference to the procuring of materials, supplies, and services rendered the guerrilla forces on Bohol were discharged by the payment of script.

Considerable amount of supplies were furnished the Bohol Forces by Mrs. Segura, a contractor of Cebu City.

Affiant

I certify that the foregoing statement consisting of one page was made by the party signing the same voluntarily before me this 3rd day of November 1947 in Quezon City, Philippines.

Certifying Claims Investigator

Titymed n. Sallo

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I hereby certify that I have made a thorough investigation of guerrilla activities in the Cebu area and have determined the following facts from conferences with former guerrilla leaders, former volunteer guard leaders and numerous civilians who had a part in the resistance movement during the occupation period.

On 15 May 1942 the USAFFE forces in the Cebu area surrendered to the Japanese. In September 1942 a group of former American and Filipino officers and civilians organized the first Cebu Guerrilla Force. This force was under the overall command of Brevet Lajors Harry Fenton and James Cushing. Hajor Fenton was in charge of the administrative staff and lajor Cushing was in charge of the tactical staff. In August 1943 in order to collect a large sum of money promised them by the Japanese, Lt. Cols. Estrella and Valenzuela ordered the capture of 22 leading guerrilla officers. One of the officers captured was Lt. Col. Fenton who was given a quick court martial and later executed. At the time this occurred Lt. Col. Cushing was in Negros on a tactical mission. Upon his return from Negros he immediately assumed full command and removed the rebel elements before they could finally betray the whole force to the Japanese.

The Cebu Guerrilla Force was finally recognized by Hq
AFPAC on 12 February 1944 at which time it became the Cebu
Area Command, USFIP, sometimes known as the Cebu Command.
This organization became the S2nd Division with Lt. Col. James
Cushing in command. The S2nd Division was composed of the
following organizations:

Unit

CO

Hq Company
MP En
CMS Units
85th Infantry
86th Infantry
87th Infantry

88th Infantry

Maj. Bernard Hale
Maj. Alfredo C. Vargas, Division QM
Lt. Col. Espiritu
Lt. Col. Maximo Albinda
Maj. Luis Jakosalem (1943)
Lt. Col. Abel F. Trazo (1944)
Lt. Col. Alejandro Almendras
(Maj. Bernard Hale, 1st CO)

On 1 August 1945 the 32nd Division became the 43rd Infantry Regiment PA and took over all the duties of the Cebu Area Command with Lt. Col. Clegario Baura as its first commander. The present commander of the 43rd Infantry PA is Lt. Col. Maximo Albinda.

The procurement of foodstuffs and other necessary supplies during the time that the guerrilla force was recognized became quite a problem. Because of the large area which the 82nd Division covered the supply function had to be decentralized.

There were special procurement officers from the G-4 Section of the 82nd Division who were authorized to procure needed items in any of the 82nd Division sectors. These special procurement officers were given specific authority by the commanding officer of the 82nd Division through Maj. Agaton Medina, Division G-4 to commandeer these needed items. These procurement officers did not, however, do all of the procuring for the division. The G-4 of the 82nd Division through the authority given him by the commanding officer gave the authority to procure necessary foodstuffs and other supplies to the various regimental S-4s. Since the regiments were deployed over a very large area the regimental S-4s in turn passed this authority to the battalion S-4s. The battalion S-4s in turn passed the authority to procure down to the company commanders. Company commanders then supplied their own companies in the following manner: Any officer. non-commissioned officer or private was given the authority

to procure necessary foodstuffs or supplies when and if there was a need. Since each company was operating in what might be considered enemy territory and since there were many collaborators and informers not to mention the Japanese troops in the area any individual who knew the area and who had friends in the area was given the assignment to procure necessary items. The men that procured were authorized to issue receipts in the name of the commanding officers. In all cases procurement was done with the knowledge and consent of the commanding officer. The few records that were kept by these company commanders for the most part have been destroyed.

There were no special forms printed for use as receipts and no special written form was adopted by all of the units. As a result the receipts vary greatly due to the fact that many different individuals with different educations and different training issued receipts. As a general rule, however, any receipt entitled "Donation Receipt" meant that the items received were considered a donation to the cause and were not to be paid for. When a receipt was headed "Confiscated", there never was an intent to pay by the procuring units. Generally items were confiscated under the following circumstances:

- 1. To prevent the owners from turning them over to the Japanese.
 - 2. When the owner was a proven spy or collaborator.

The 82nd Division set a ceiling price on foodstuffs in its various regimental areas. The prices did vary, however, due to the supply in the areas. The ceiling prices were considerably higher than 1941 prices and were considerably lower than civilian prices at the time of procurement. At the present time there is no complete list of the ceiling prices available. Although ceiling prices were set the army did not use them because they had to promise prices three or four times the ceiling prices in order to get the items they needed.

s/ Marvin N. Lerner
MARVIN N. LERNER
2d Lt INF
Investigating Officer
Claims Service, AFWESPAC

A	CERTIFIED	TRUE	COP1;	
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The Cabu Guerrilla Force was finally recognized by Hq AFPAC on 12 February 19th at which time it become the Cebu Area Command, USFTP, sometimes known as the Cebu Command. This organization became the 32nd Division with Lt. Col. James Cushing in command. The 82nd Division was composed of the following organization:

Unit

CO

Hq Company 17P Rn CMS Units

85th Infantry 86th Infantry 87th Infantry

88th Infentry

Major Bernard Hale
Maj. Alfredo C. Vargas,
Div CM
Lt. Col. Espiritu
Lt. Col. Maximo Albinda
Maj. Luis Jakosalem (1943)
Lt. Col. Abel F. Trazo (1944)

Lt. Col. Alejandro Almendras (Maj. Bernard Hale 1st CO)

On 1 August 1915 the 82nd Division become the 43rd Infentry Regiment FA and took over all the duties of the Cebu Area Connand with Lt. Col. Olegario Baura as its first commander. The present commander of the 43rd Infentry PA is Lt. Col. Maximo Albinda.

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to procure necessary foodstuffs or supplies when and if there was a need. Since each company was operating in what might be considered enery territory and since there were many collaborators and informers not to mention the Japanese troops in the area any individual who knew the area and who had friends in the area was given the assignment to procure necessary items. The men that procured were authorized to issue receipts in the name of the commanding officers. In all cases procurement was done with the knowledge and consent of the commanding officer. Some of the records that were kept by the company commanders, battalion 8-4s and by the regimental S-4s have now been turned over to Guerrilla Section, Branch Office S, Claims Service, AFTESMC. There are also some records which were kent by Civilian Volunteer Guard procurement officers which have also been turned over to the Guerrilla Section.

In the early days of the guerrilla on Cebu there were no printed forms for receipts. After the recognition, however, all regiments did have printed receipts or mimcographed receipts which were to be issued. In most cases a temporary receipt was issued first and it was intended that a printed receipt would be issued at a later date, but because of the hectic situation and scarcity of printed receipts very few were actually issued. Then a printed receipt was issued in place of a written one, the written receipt was always taken by the officer who issued the printed one.

Many of the receipts had as a heading, DO LATION RECEIPT or had inserted in them, "Ponation", "Voluntary Contribution" or "Without Promise of Compensation". Afficavits from the various cormanding officers state that these words were placed in the non-printed receipts to protect the procurement officers from future personal liability.

The 82nd Division set a ceiling price on foodstuffs in its various regimental areas. The price would vary, however, because of the supply in the various regimental areas. The ceiling prices set by the various regimental S-4s was considerably lower than civilian prices at the time of procurement.

On 27 April 1946, the 43rd Inf Negt PA started on its last phase of demobilization. On that date all officers, non-commissioned officers and privates who were not actually bein used in processing the equipment for sale as surplus were demobilized. On 6 kay 1946 the 43rd Inf Regt PA was completely deactivated and on that date, sale of all its equipment determined to be surplus, took place.

s/ Talter J. Jesin
"ALTER J. JASIN
let Lt., QCC
Investigating Officer
Claims Jervice, AFFESPAC

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Hq Company NP Bn QMS Units

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Maj. Alfredo C. Vargas.

Div CM

Lt. Col. Espiritu

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In the early days of the guerrilla on Cebu there were no printed forms for receipts. After the recognition, however, all regiments did have printed receipts or mimeographed receipts which were to be issued. In most cases a temporary receipt was issued first and it was intended that temporary receipt would be issued at a later date, but beause of the heetic situation and scarcity of printed receipts cause of the heetic situation and scarcity of printed receipts very few were actually issued. Then a printed receipt was issued in place of a written one, the written receipt was always taken by the officer who issued the printed one.

Many of the receipts had as a heading, DONATION RECEIPT or had inserted in them, "Fonation", "Voluntary Contribution" or "Without Promise of Compensation". Affidavits from the various commanding officers state that these words were placed in the non-printed receipts to protect the procurement officers from future personal liability.

The 82nd Division set a ceiling price on foodstuffs in its various regimental areas. The price would vary, however, because of the supply in the various regimental areas. The ceiling prices set by the various regimental S-45 was The ceiling prices set by the various regimental S-45 was considerably lower than civilian prices at the time of procurement.

On 27 April 1946, the 43rd Inf Regt PA started on its last phase of demobilization. On that date all officers, non-commissioned officers and privates who were not actually non-commissioned officers and privates who were not actually being used in processing the equipment for sale as surplus were demobilized. On 6 May 1946 the 43rd Inf Regt PA was were demobilized. On 6 May 1946 the 43rd Inf Regt PA was completely deactivated and on that date, sale of all its equipment determined to be surplus, took place.

s/ alter J. Jesin
"ALDR J. JASIN

1st Lt., QCC
Investigating Officer
Claims Dervice, AFFESFAC

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I have on this date interviewed claimant, Esperanza Ylanan in connection with several claims filed by her, one of which was PRO 5C-10634. This statement was resorted to inasmuch as claimant continuously changed her allegations upon the preparation of each statement for her to sign.

Upon first interrogating claimant and showing her receipt contained in this file, allegedly issued on 18 July 1943, the claimant stated to me that this receipt was prepared on 18 July 1943 and that she evacuated from Bogo because of Japanese operations and upon her return at latter date, she found the original receipt contained in this claim to be remaining although her house was burned. Claimant was asked whether she owned any great extent of land inasmuch as she was claiming for a large amount of corn when her several claims were totaled. She stated that she owned land; however, when informed we would contact her municipal mayor to ascertain the extent of land she owned, she stated that she obtained the corn she was claiming through buy and sell. It should be noted that claimant in PRO 5C-7702 claimed for 178 cavans of corn which were all commandeered on the same date. Claimant stated that she stored these in the house of her family, that is the reason why she could have such a large amount at one time. Claimant was asked if she had paid the tax of her house in 1946, she said that she had; however, when told that she should produce this tax receipt, she stated that her house was Claimant then stated that she must burned down in 1945. have been mistaken in her previous statement when her attention was called to this glaring inconsistency, that is, of her house burning down in 1945 yet paying taxes in 1946.

During the interrogation of the claimant she was informed that certain statements had been taken from Ex-Lt. Jose Carrasco in which he repudiated certain of his previous statements in connection with her claims. Claimant at this instance stated that the statements of Carrasco were untrue and that all of her statements were true (although she contradicted herself on numerous occasions). Inasmuch as the receipts, statements, and records that Jose Carrasco recently made for the claimant are the basis of her claims, her refuting his statements are her rebuttal of her own claim.

JAMES M. GASSAWAY Acting Director, Branch Office Claims Service, Cebu City Cebu

Q: When did you certify to these milling records that bears your signature?

- A: In December 1946 or January 1947.
- Q: How can you certify exact amounts three years later?
- A: I had records.
- Q: When did you lose your records?
- A: In 1943.

STATEMENT

I, ESPERANZA YLANAN, of legal age, Filipino, married, and a resident of the Municipality of Bogo, Cebu, do hereby declare:

That I asked Lt. Jose Carrasco to make the receipt contained in the file, 5C-10634; that although the date on the receipt is 18 July 1947, the receipt was prepared at my request in 1946.

Caperanya Ylanan ESPIRANZA YLANAN

I certify that the foregoing statement was made by the party signing the same voluntarily before me on this 14th day of August 1947.

JAMES M. GASSAWAY II

Acting Director

Branch Office, Claims Service

Cebu City, Cebu

STATEMENT

Authority N

I, ESPERANZA YLANAN, of legal age, Filipino, married, and a resident of the Municipality of Bogo, Cebu, do hereby declare:

That the wooden part of my car was painted blue and the hood was black; that the car was registered in my name in 1941; that I bought this car in 1940 or 1941 for P800.00; that my brother originally bought the car from a Chinese, Sings Taings;

That Lt. Jose Carrasco was present when my car was commandeered and he actually took it from me. Lt. Carrasco drove away in the car at that time. He had a driver but I don't know who he was. I am certain, however, that Lt. Carrasco drove away in the car at that time when it was aken from me by the guerrillas.

ESPERANZA YLANAN

I certify that the foregoing statement was made by the party signing the same volumerily before me on this 14th day of August 1947.

JAMES M. GASSAWAY II Acting Director Branch Office, Claims Service Cebu City, Cebu

AFFIDAVIT

DECLASS

I, JOSE T. CARRASCO, Filipino citizen, of legal age, married, resident of Cebu City, Cebu, now M/Sgt. QMS, PA, after having been duly sworn according to law, do hereby depose and say:

- 1. That I joined the Guerrilla movement on 5 October 1942 at Bogo, Cebu, with the Far Northern Sector, Cebu Area Command. I remained in Bogo as Executive Officer of the 2nd Battalion until the end of October 1943. During the first part of September 1943, I was sent to the Central Headquarters as Supply Officer. I remained in this location and in this capacity until December 1943 at which time I returned to Bogo as Procurement Officer until October 1944 when I was called back to the Central Headquarters as Supply Officer for the G-4 until March 1945.
- 2. That the run-about of Esperanza Ylanan had already been converted to a wagon. I don't know the color of her automobile, but I know that it was complete. I don't know if it had spare tires. I signed a receipt for this car upon the order of Major Medina (then Captain), who at that time was the Commander of my unit. I did'nt actually take the car. I think Capt. Espanola took the car but I am not sure. I rode on this car many times and the members of the Guerrilla used it on many occasions. That I don't know what finally happened to the car. The last time I saw it was in 1943. I don't know what happened to it after that.
- 3. That we took the car and I issued a receipt for it no later that the third week of December 1942. I remember this approximate date because I remember the date of the bombing of Bogo, Cebu, which took place on December 12, 1942, and we took the car not more than a week after that date.

JOSE T. CARRASCO M/Sgt, QMS, PA

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 4th day of August 1947.

RIZALITO ABANTO Capt., Inf., AUS Branch Office, Claims Sv. Cebu City, Cebu



AFFIDAVIT

I, JOSE T. CARRASCO, Filipino citizen, of legal age, married, a resident and with postal address in the District Supply Depot, Sth Military District, Cebu City, after being duly sworn to in accordance to law, do hereby answer the below propounded questions:

DECLASSIFIED

- Q: When were you transferred from Sector 13?
- A: In August 1943, I was transferred from Sector 13 to Gebu City, Cebu.
- Q: These milling operations referred to in this case took place in Bogo, Cebu, did they not?
 - A: Yes.
 - Q: When did you go back to Bogo?
 - A: I went to Bogo, Gebu, on December 1943.
- a: Were you not in Bogo on the dates for which the claimants are claiming that they milled corn?
 - A: No, I was not da to en the cated
- Q: How were you able to certify to the milling records for September 1943? (See affidavit of Jose Carrasco, dated 22 November 1946)
 - A: It was my mistake. I migread the affidavit.
- Q: Then, we cannot use your affidavit as evidence in this case?
 - A: No, it is not good.
 - Q: Why do you sign such statements?
 - A: I did not swear to it.
- q: If you were not in this area during September 1943 why did you certify to the milling records for this month?
- A: I just sign part. The rest is an addition. (See red line.)
- Q: When did you certify to these milling records that bears your signature?
 - A: In December 1946 or January 1947.
 - Q: How can you certify exact amounts three years later?
 - A: I had records.
 - Q: When did you lose your reords?
 - A: In 1943.



Q: Is thre any basis for you to certify as to the correctness of this record?

A: No, there is none.

Further, affiant seyeth not.

s/ Jose T. Carrasco t/ JOSE T. CARRASCO

Subscribed and sworn to before me on this 5th day of March 1947, at Cebu City, Cebu.

s/ Rizel ito Abanto t/ RIZALITO ABANTO Capt Inf AUS Aset Director, PHILRYCOM

JMG/abp

A TRUE COFY:

JAMES M. GASSAWAY II

Acting Director

Branch Office, Claims Service

Cebu City, Cebu

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