DECLASSIFIED Authority NND883078

Employees

Normal

Cw-4 PA

DECLASSIFIED Authority NND883078

Borja, antonio

TIMBANG, TOMAS

Marasigan, Franquilino

Delgado, Benigno

REPUBBLE OF THE PHILIPPINES ) MANILA)

DECLASSIFIED Authority NND883078

## AFFIDAVIT

I, HILARION T. CHUA KIA, Chinese citizen, married and residing at 45 Gra. Lachambre, Binondo, Manila, after having first duly sworn on oath, depose and say:

In 1941 I was running and operating Lighterage Service and Water Transportation and Steveedooring.

On 15 December 1941 I received the order from Col. Arthur W. Parter that the U.S. Army was commandeering our scows, bancas and launches for the use of the U.S. Army, including the services of steveedores, pilots and officers, To the best of my knowledge and belief, I still remember that all pilots and stevadores were paid by me here in Manila for the period from 16 to 31 December 1941, before they left for Bataan.

That to the best of my recollection, during that time I have around 200 men under my supervision, and the men listed below were paid up to 31 December 1941, at the rate of \$140.00 per month, with the exception of Tomas Timbang who was paid at \$200.00 per month.

1. Borja, Antonio

2. Villanueva, Mariano

3. Timbang, Tomas 4. Villanueva, Jesus

Delgado, Benigno
 Marasigan, Tranquilino
 Gonzales, Dominador

That prior to the outbreak of the war in 8 December 1941, Rosendo G. Levy was employed by me as Cashier, collector and representative, receiving a salary of \$250.00 per month, and that he was last paid by me for the period up to 15 December 1941, and that he also went to Bataan with the Vessel Dispatcher and Inspector and other pilots.

I swear that the foregoing statements are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

/s/ Hilarion T. Chua Kia /t/ HILARION T. CHUA KIA

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO before me this 7th day of Sept. 1946 at Manila, Philippines.

Sr. Claims Investigator

/s/ Benjamin J. Pulley /t/ BENJAMIN J. PULLEY Captain -Investigating Officer Los Angeles Calif. Oct 23rd 1946

Headquarters Claims Service AFWESPAC Office of the Chief of Claims

Replying to your letter addressed to me Oct 12th 1946.

Subject. Resendo G. Levy. Claims for unpaid wages for services rendered the U.S. Army 1941 1942.

The undersigned had no contact with Mr. Levy, while employed by the Quartermaster Construction Corp U.S.A. in 1941 Manila. To my knowledge all employees of Hilarion T. Chua Kia were dismissed Dec. 29th 1941...

If as Mr. Levy claims he was employed until the fall of Bataan, he must have been attached the some unit of the U.S. Army, in a uniform, and records, or information from surviving members of those forces would be aware of Mr. Levy..

being unemployed after the date of Dec. 29th. are in error.

Many strange things happened, at that time, but I sent men to Bataan on Jan 1st. 1942, and they arrived there on the 4th of Jan. and were sent back to Manila at their own risk as our forces did not want so many civilians in that area. These men were Filipinos.

I may be wrong in my statements, but so many errors were made in wages claims, that I know, many were paid when the people concerned, were only temperary workers for as little as ten days before being dismissed, yet they claimed three years salary..

Hilarion T. Chua Kia was not paid for work done by the United States Army, we rented this tugs and barges, and sent them all to Bataan and Corregidor. I signed an affidavit to that effect for him from Manila, also checked all his claims and found them correct, as far as could be remembered.

Hoping to be of further service.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Frank E. Wilson /t/ FRANK E. WILSON

CERTIFIED TRUE COPY:

Sr. Claims Investigator

Authority NND883078

## AFFIDAVIT

Before me, the undersigned officer authorized to administer oaths in cases of this kind, this 5th day of August 1945, personally appeared CIRIACO SOSA, Filipino, 35 years of age, married and a resident of 400 New Antipolo, Int. 14, Sta. Cruz, Manila, who, being first duly sworn, deposes and says:

In October 1941 I was employed by Hilarion T. Chua Kia, who has a service contract to the U.S. Constructing Service Department. Our work was to take ship-side cargoes to Sta. Mesa Lumber Yard. I was then vessel Dispatcher and Chief Inspector of work at \$150.00 per month. All of the persons listed and who signed in our letter dated 10 November 1945, to Claims Service, AFWESPAC, worked under my direct supervision. The following is the rate of pay of the personnel under me:

Dispatcher ----- #150.00 per month Cashier ----- 125.00 " " " " Asst. Dispatcher ---- 100.00 " " " Pilots ----- 70.00 " "

On 15 December 1941, we were told by Mr. Montgomery Rice that all cascos, bancas, scows and employees of Hilarion T. Chua Kia will be commandeered for the use of the U.S. Army. On 18 December 1941, I was ordered by Mr. Montgomery Rice to have all cascos, bancas, scows, with a man for each, drawn by Launches, "Loretta", "Totoy", "Defiance" and "Allert" to go to Cabcabin, Bataan, with six soldiers to arrange and "Allert" to go to Cabcabin, Bataan, with six soldiers to arrange and supervise the work there. We arrived to Cabcabin on 28 December 1941

On 29 December 1941, we were ordered by a soldier to disembark for there was an air-raid. During this raid, many bancas and scows were bombed and some of the workers died, but we were unable identify them as we were scattered because of the dropping bombs. A soldier told us as we were scattered because of the dropping bombs. A soldier told us as we were scattered because of the dropping bombs. None of us joined the civilians who fed us up to the fall of Bataan. None of us joined the civilians who fed us up to the fall of Bataan. None of us were able to return to work. I was unable to go home because the roads were able to return to work. I was unable to go home because the roads were blocked by the rapidly advancing Japanese. After the surrender of Bataan, I walked my way home arriving there 15 days after the fall of Bataan.

When we were commandeered by the Army, we were reluctant to go to Bataan due to the danger and risks involved, we were promised by the Army authority that our salary will be doubled.

I swear that all the foregoing statements are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

/s/ Ciriaco Sosa /t/ CIRIACO SOSA

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this 5th day of August 1946, at

Manila, Philippines.

CERTIFIED TRUE COPY:

/s/ Benjamin J. Pulley
/t/ BENJAMIN J. PULLEY
Captain - INF.
Investigating Officer

Sr. Claims Investigator

Authority NND883078

COMMONWEALTH	OF	THE	PHILIPPINES	)
CITY OF MANIE	A			;

## AFFIDAVIT

Before me, the undersigned officer authorized to administer oaths in cases of this kind, this // day of December, 1945, personally appeared CIRIACO SOSA, Filipino, 35 years of age, married and a resident of 400 New Antipolo, Int. 14, Sta. Cruz, Manila, who, being first duly sworn, deposes and says:

In October 1941 I was employed by Hilarion T. Chua Kia, who has a service contract to the U. S. Constructing Service Department. Our work was to take ship-side cargos to Sta. Mesa Lumber Yard. I was then vessel Dispatcher and Chief Inspector of work at #300.00 per month. All of the persons listed and who signed in our letter, dated 10 November 1945, to Claims Service, AFWESPAC, worked under my direct supervision.

On 15 December 1941, we were told by Mr. Montgomery Rice that all cascos, bancas, scows and employees of Hilarion T. Chua Kia will be commandeered for the use of the U. S. Army. On 18 December 1941, I was ordered by Mr. Montgomery Rice to have all cascos, bancas, scows, with a man for each, drawn by Launches "Loretta, "Totoy", "Defiance" and "Allert" to Cabcabin, Lamao, Bataan, which I did until 27 December 1941. When the last vessel was drawn, I was ordered by Mr. Montgomery Rice to go to Cabcabin, Bataan with six soldiers to arrange and supervise the work there. We arrived to Cabcabin 28 December 1941.

On 29 December 1941, we were ordered by a soldier to disembark for there was an air-raid. During this raid, many bancas and scows were bombed and some of the workers died, but we were unable to identify them as we were scattered because of the dropping bombs. A soldier told us to go far away from the Army supplies which were being bombed, so I joined the civilians who fed me up to the fall of Bataan. I was unable to go home because the roads were blocked by the rapidly advancing Japanese. After the surrender of Bataan, I walked my way home arriving there 15 days after the fall of Bataan.

I swear that all the foregoing statements are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

CIRIACO SOSA

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2 day of December 1945, at Manila, Philippines.

lst Lt., Inf.
Investigating Officer

Authority NND883078